# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Х For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017 or TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 0 For the Transition Period From Commission File Number: 001-33664 OMMUNICATI **Charter Communications, Inc.** (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) 84-1496755 Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

400 Atlantic Street Stamford, Connecticut 06901

(Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

(203) 905-7801

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants have submitted electronically and posted on their corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrants were required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No x

Number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2017: 267,537,942

Number of shares of Class B common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2017: 1

# COMMUNICATIONS CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

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This quarterly report on Form 10-Q is for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") allows us to "incorporate by reference" information that we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you directly to those documents. In this quarterly report, "Charter," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Charter Communications, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS:

This quarterly report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), regarding, among other things, our plans, strategies and prospects, both business and financial including, without limitation, the forward-looking statements set forth in the "Results of Operations" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources" sections under Part I, Item 2. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this quarterly report. Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations as reflected in or suggested by these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that we will achieve or realize these plans, intentions or expectations. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions including, without limitation, the factors described under "Risk Factors" under Part I, Item 1A of our most recent Form 10-K filed with the SEC. Many of the forward-looking statements contained in this quarterly report may be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "should," "planned," "will," "may," "intend," "estimated," "aim," "on track," "target," "opportunity," "tentative," "positioning," "designed," "create," "predict," "project," "initiatives," "seek," "would," "could," "could," "could," "could," "could," "under eases" and "potential," among others. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements we make in this quarterly report are set forth in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, in our annual report on Form 10-K, and in other reports or documents that we file from time to time with the SEC, and include, but are not limited to:

# Risks Related to the Time Warner Cable Inc. ("TWC") Transaction and Bright House Networks, LLC ("Bright House") Transaction (collectively, the "Transactions"):

- our ability to promptly, efficiently and effectively integrate acquired operations;
- managing a significantly larger company than before the completion of the Transactions;
- our ability to achieve the synergies and value creation contemplated by the Transactions;
- changes in Legacy Charter, Legacy TWC or Legacy Bright House operations' businesses, future cash requirements, capital requirements, results of
  operations, revenues, financial condition and/or cash flows;
- disruption in our business relationships as a result of the Transactions;
- the increase in indebtedness as a result of the Transactions, which will increase interest expense and may decrease our operating flexibility;
- operating costs and business disruption that may be greater than expected;
- the ability to retain and hire key personnel; and
- costs, disruptions and possible limitations on operating flexibility related to, and our ability to comply with, regulatory conditions applicable to us as a result of the Transactions.

#### Risks Related to Our Business

- our ability to sustain and grow revenues and cash flow from operations by offering video, Internet, voice, advertising and other services to residential
  and commercial customers, to adequately meet the customer experience demands in our markets and to maintain and grow our customer base,
  particularly in the face of increasingly aggressive competition, the need for innovation and the related capital expenditures;
- the impact of competition from other market participants, including but not limited to incumbent telephone companies, direct broadcast satellite operators, wireless broadband and telephone providers, digital subscriber line ("DSL") providers, fiber to the home providers, video provided over the Internet by (i) market participants that have not historically competed in the multichannel video business, (ii) traditional multichannel video distributors, and (iii) content providers that have historically licensed cable networks to multichannel video distributors, and providers of advertising over the Internet;
- general business conditions, economic uncertainty or downturn, unemployment levels and the level of activity in the housing sector;
- our ability to obtain programming at reasonable prices or to raise prices to offset, in whole or in part, the effects of higher programming costs (including retransmission consents);
- our ability to develop and deploy new products and technologies including our cloud-based user interface, Spectrum Guide<sup>®</sup>, and downloadable security for set-top boxes, and any other cloud-based consumer services and service platforms;
- the effects of governmental regulation on our business or potential business combination transactions;
- any events that disrupt our networks, information systems or properties and impair our operating activities or our reputation;
- the availability and access, in general, of funds to meet our debt obligations prior to or when they become due and to fund our operations and necessary capital expenditures, either through (i) cash on hand, (ii) free cash flow, or (iii) access to the capital or credit markets; and



• our ability to comply with all covenants in our indentures and credit facilities, any violation of which, if not cured in a timely manner, could trigger a default of our other obligations under cross-default provisions.

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. We are under no duty or obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this quarterly report.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (dollars in millions, except share data)

	Ma	March 31, 2017		ember 31, 2016
	(ui	naudited)		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,920	\$	1,535
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of				
\$114 and \$124, respectively		1,311		1,432
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		435		333
Total current assets		4,666		3,300
INVESTMENT IN CABLE PROPERTIES:				
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated				
depreciation of \$12,866 and \$11,103, respectively		32,699		32,963
Franchises		67,316		67,316
Customer relationships, net		13,904		14,608
Goodwill		29,526		29,509
Total investment in cable properties, net		143,445		144,396
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS		1,333		1,371
Total assets	\$	149,444	\$	149,067
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	7,513	\$	7,544
Current portion of long-term debt	*	2,007	*	2,028
Total current liabilities		9,520		9,572
LONG-TERM DEBT		60,837		59,719
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		26,576		26,665
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		2,607		2,745
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Class A common stock; \$.001 par value; 900 million shares authorized;				
270,346,703 and 268,897,792 shares issued, respectively		—		_
Class B common stock; \$.001 par value; 1,000 shares authorized;				
1 share issued and outstanding		_		_
Preferred stock; \$.001 par value; 250 million shares authorized;				
no shares issued and outstanding		—		_
Additional paid-in capital		39,602		39,413
Retained earnings		1,019		733
Treasury stock at cost; 2,808,761 and no shares, respectively		(895)		_
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(6)		(7)
Total Charter shareholders' equity		39,720		40,139
Noncontrolling interests		10,184		10,227
Total shareholders' equity		49,904		50,366
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	149,444	\$	149,067

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (dollars in millions, except per share and share data) Unaudited

REVENUES	 2017			
REVENUES	 2017	2016		
	\$ 10,164	\$	2,530	
COSTS AND EXPENSES:				
Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of items shown separately below)	6,579		1,671	
Depreciation and amortization	2,550		539	
Other operating expenses, net	94		18	
	 9,223		2,228	
Income from operations	 941		302	
OTHER EXPENSES:				
Interest expense, net	(713)		(454)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(34)		_	
Gain (loss) on financial instruments, net	38		(5)	
Other income (expense), net	4		(3)	
	(705)		(462)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	236		(160)	
Income tax expense	(25)		(28)	
Consolidated net income (loss)	211		(188)	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(56)		_	
Net income (loss) attributable to Charter shareholders	\$ 155	\$	(188)	
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO CHARTER SHAREHOLDERS:				
Basic	\$ 0.58	\$	(1.86)	
Diluted	\$ 0.57	\$	(1.86)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	269,004,817		101,552,093	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	 273,199,509		101,552,093	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  $$\mathbf{2}$$ 

#### CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (dollars in millions) Unaudited

	Tł	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2017		2016		
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$	211	\$	(188)		
Net impact of interest rate derivative instruments		1		2		
Consolidated comprehensive income (loss)		212		(186)		
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(56)		—		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Charter shareholders	\$	156	\$	(186)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 3

#### CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (dollars in millions) Unaudited

	 Three Months Ended March 3		
	 2017	2016	
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$ 211 \$	(188	
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	2,550	539	
Stock compensation expense	69	24	
Accelerated vesting of equity awards	17		
Noncash interest (income) expense, net	(108)	7	
Other pension benefits	(13)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt	34		
(Gain) loss on financial instruments, net	(38)	5	
Deferred income taxes	16	28	
Other, net	6	3	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	236	24	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(83)	(21	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other	(54)	3	
Net cash flows from operating activities	 2,843	424	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,555)	(429	
Change in accrued expenses related to capital expenditures	(150)	(56	
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents	—	(49	
Other, net	(7)	(2	
Net cash flows from investing activities	 (1,712)	(536	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Borrowings of long-term debt	4,640	2,139	
Repayments of long-term debt	(3,475)	(727	
Payments for debt issuance costs	(21)	(17	
Purchase of treasury stock	(895)	(16	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	72	5	
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	(27)		
Distributions to noncontrolling interest	(38)		
Other, net	(30)	1	
Net cash flows from financing activities	 254	1,385	
	 234	1,505	
IET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,385	1,273	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	1,535	5	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 2,920 \$	1,278	
CASH PAID FOR INTEREST	\$ 892 \$	470	
CASH PAID FOR TAXES	\$ 1 \$		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

#### Organization

Charter Communications, Inc. (together with its controlled subsidiaries, "Charter," or the "Company") is the second largest cable operator in the United States and a leading broadband communications company providing video, Internet and voice services to residential and business customers. In addition, the Company sells video and online advertising inventory to local, regional and national advertising customers and fiber-delivered communications and managed information technology solutions to larger enterprise customers. The Company also owns and operates regional sports networks and local sports, news and lifestyle channels and sells security and home management services to the residential marketplace.

Charter is a holding company whose principal asset is a controlling equity interest in Charter Communications Holdings, LLC ("Charter Holdings"), an indirect owner of Charter Communications Operating, LLC ("Charter Operating") under which substantially all of the operations reside. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions among consolidated entities have been eliminated.

The Company's operations are managed and reported to its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), the Company's chief operating decision maker, on a consolidated basis. The CEO assesses performance and allocates resources based on the consolidated results of operations. Under this organizational and reporting structure, the Company has one reportable segment, cable services.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures typically included in Charter's Annual Report on Form 10-K have been condensed or omitted for this quarterly report. The accompanying consolidated financial statements are unaudited and are subject to review by regulatory authorities. However, in the opinion of management, such financial statements include all adjustments, which consist of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Areas involving significant judgments and estimates include capitalization of labor and overhead costs; depreciation and amortization costs; purchase accounting valuations of assets and liabilities including, but not limited to, property, plant and equipment, intangibles and goodwill; pension benefits; income taxes; contingencies and programming expense. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Mergers and Acquisitions

#### **The Transactions**

On May 18, 2016, the transactions contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Mergers dated as of May 23, 2015 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among Time Warner Cable Inc. ("Legacy TWC"), Charter Communications, Inc. prior to the closing of the Merger Agreement ("Legacy Charter"), CCH I, LLC, previously a wholly owned subsidiary of Legacy Charter and certain other subsidiaries of CCH I, LLC were completed (the "TWC Transaction," and together with the Bright House Transaction described below, the "Transactions"). As a result of the TWC Transaction, CCH I, LLC became the new public parent company that holds the operations of the combined companies and was renamed Charter Communications, Inc. As of the date of completion of the Transactions, the total value of the TWC Transaction was approximately \$85 billion, including cash, equity and Legacy TWC assumed debt.

Also, on May 18, 2016, Legacy Charter and Advance/Newhouse Partnership ("A/N"), the former parent of Bright House Networks, LLC ("Bright House"), completed their previously announced transaction, pursuant to a definitive Contribution Agreement (the "Contribution Agreement"), under which Charter acquired Bright House (the "Bright House Transaction") for approximately \$12.2 billion consisting of cash, convertible preferred units of Charter Holdings and common units of Charter Holdings. Pursuant to the

Bright House Transaction, Charter became the owner of the membership interests in Bright House and the other assets primarily related to Bright House (other than certain excluded assets and liabilities and non-operating cash).

In connection with the TWC Transaction, Liberty Broadband purchased shares of Charter Class A common stock to partially finance the cash portion of the TWC Transaction consideration, and in connection with the Bright House Transaction, Liberty Broadband purchased shares of Charter Class A common stock (the "Liberty Transaction").

#### **Acquisition Accounting**

Charter applied acquisition accounting to the Transactions. The total purchase price was allocated to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values. The fair values were primarily based on third-party valuations using assumptions developed by management and other information compiled by management including, but not limited to, future expected cash flows. The excess of the purchase price over those fair values was recorded as goodwill.

The allocation of the purchase price to certain assets and liabilities is preliminary and is subject to change based on additional information that may be obtained during the measurement period primarily related to working capital measurement. The Company will continue to obtain information to assist in finalizing the fair value of net assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which is not expected to differ materially from the preliminary estimates herein. The Company will apply any measurement period adjustments, including any related impacts to net income (loss), in the reporting period in which the adjustments are determined. The tables below present the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Transactions.

#### TWC Preliminary Allocation of Purchase Price

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,058
Current assets	1,413
Property, plant and equipment	21,413
Customer relationships	13,460
Franchises	54,085
Goodwill	28,309
Other noncurrent assets	1,040
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,057)
Debt	(24,900)
Deferred income taxes	(28,138)
Other long-term liabilities	(3,162)
Noncontrolling interests	(4)
	\$ 60,517

The Company made measurement period adjustments to the fair value of certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the TWC Transaction during the three months ended March 31, 2017, including a decrease to working capital of \$27 million and a decrease of \$10 million to deferred income tax liabilities, resulting in a net increase of \$17 million to goodwill.

#### Bright House Preliminary Allocation of Purchase Price

Current assets	\$ 131
Property, plant and equipment	2,884
Customer relationships	2,150
Franchises	7,225
Goodwill	44
Other noncurrent assets	86
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(330)
Other long-term liabilities	(12)
Noncontrolling interests	(22)
	\$ 12,156

No measurement period adjustments were made to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Bright House Transaction during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

#### **Selected Pro Forma Financial Information**

The following unaudited pro forma financial information of the Company is based on the historical consolidated financial statements of Legacy Charter, Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House and is intended to provide information about how the Transactions and related financing may have affected the Company's historical consolidated financial statements if they had closed as of January 1, 2015. The pro forma financial information below is based on available information and assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable. The pro forma financial information is for illustrative and informational purposes only and is not intended to represent or be indicative of what the Company's financial condition or results of operations would have been had the transactions described above occurred on the date indicated. The pro forma financial information also should not be considered representative of the Company's future financial condition or results of operations.

	Three Month	s Ended March 31, 2016
Revenues	\$	9,742
Net income attributable to Charter shareholders	\$	179
Earnings per common share attributable to Charter shareholders:		
Basic	\$	0.66
Diluted	\$	0.65

### 3. Franchises, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Indefinite-lived and finite-lived intangible assets consist of the following as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	March 31, 2017					December 31, 2016					
	s Carrying Amount		cumulated 1ortization		et Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization			t Carrying Amount
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:	 										
Franchises	\$ 67,316	\$	_	\$	67,316	\$	67,316	\$	_	\$	67,316
Goodwill	29,526		_		29,526		29,509		_		29,509
Trademarks	159		_		159		159		_		159
Other intangible assets	_		_		_		4		_		4
	\$ 97,001	\$		\$	97,001	\$	96,988	\$		\$	96,988
Finite-lived intangible assets:											
Customer relationships	\$ 18,226	\$	(4,322)	\$	13,904	\$	18,226	\$	(3,618)	\$	14,608
Other intangible assets	625		(145)		480		615		(128)		487
	\$ 18,851	\$	(4,467)	\$	14,384	\$	18,841	\$	(3,746)	\$	15,095

Amortization expense related to customer relationships and other intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$726 million and \$60 million, respectively.

The Company expects amortization expense on its finite-lived intangible assets will be as follows:

Nine months ended December 31, 2017	\$ 2,021
2018	2,462
2019	2,179
2020	1,887
2021	1,604
Thereafter	4,231
	\$ 14,384

Actual amortization expense in future periods will differ from these estimates as a result of new intangible asset acquisitions or divestitures, changes in useful lives, purchase accounting adjustments, impairments and other relevant factors.

#### 4. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	Ν	larch 31, 2017	Dece	mber 31, 2016
Accounts payable – trade	\$	522	\$	454
Deferred revenue		362		352
Accrued liabilities:				
Programming costs		1,937		1,783
Labor		962		1,111
Capital expenditures		957		1,107
Interest		894		958
Taxes and regulatory fees		474		538
Property and casualty		398		394
Other		1,007		847
	\$	7,513	\$	7,544

#### 5. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	March 31, 2017			December 31, 2016			
	rincipal Amount	Accreted Value		Principal Amount	Accreted Value		
CCO Holdings, LLC:							
5.250% senior notes due March 15, 2021	\$ 500	\$ 497	\$	500	\$ 496		
6.625% senior notes due January 31, 2022		_		750	741		
5.250% senior notes due September 30, 2022	1,250	1,233		1,250	1,232		
5.125% senior notes due February 15, 2023	1,000	992		1,000	992		
5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2023	1,150	1,142		1,150	1,141		
5.750% senior notes due September 1, 2023	500	496		500	496		
5.750% senior notes due January 15, 2024	1,000	991		1,000	991		
5.875% senior notes due April 1, 2024	1,700	1,685		1,700	1,685		
5.375% senior notes due May 1, 2025	750	744		750	744		
5.750% senior notes due February 15, 2026	2,500	2,461		2,500	2,460		
5.500% senior notes due May 1, 2026	1,500	1,488		1,500	1,487		
5.875% senior notes due May 1, 2027	800	794		800	794		
5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027	2,000	1,969		_			
Charter Communications Operating, LLC:							
3.579% senior notes due July 23, 2020	2,000	1,984		2,000	1,983		
4.464% senior notes due July 23, 2022	3,000	2,974		3,000	2,973		
4.908% senior notes due July 23, 2025	4,500	4,459		4,500	4,458		
6.384% senior notes due October 23, 2035	2,000	1,981		2,000	1,980		
6.484% senior notes due October 23, 2045	3,500	3,466		3,500	3,466		
6.834% senior notes due October 23, 2055	500	495		500	495		
Credit facilities	8,866	8,769		8,916	8,814		
Time Warner Cable, LLC:							
5.850% senior notes due May 1, 2017	2,000	2,007		2,000	2,028		
6.750% senior notes due July 1, 2018	2,000	2,113		2,000	2,135		
8.750% senior notes due February 14, 2019	1,250	1,393		1,250	1,412		
8.250% senior notes due April 1, 2019	2,000	2,235		2,000	2,264		
5.000% senior notes due February 1, 2020	1,500	1,606		1,500	1,615		
4.125% senior notes due February 15, 2021	700	737		700	739		
4.000% senior notes due September 1, 2021	1,000	1,053		1,000	1,056		
5.750% sterling senior notes due June 2, 2031 (a)	783	848		770	834		
6.550% senior debentures due May 1, 2037	1,500	1,690		1,500	1,691		
7.300% senior debentures due July 1, 2038	1,500	1,793		1,500	1,795		
6.750% senior debentures due June 15, 2039	1,500	1,728		1,500	1,730		
5.875% senior debentures due November 15, 2040	1,200	1,259		1,200	1,259		
5.500% senior debentures due September 1, 2041	1,250	1,258		1,250	1,258		
5.250% sterling senior notes due July 15, 2042 <sup>(b)</sup>	815	784		800	771		
4.500% senior debentures due September 15, 2042	1,250	1,136		1,250	1,135		
Time Warner Cable Enterprises LLC:							
8.375% senior debentures due March 15, 2023	1,000	1,263		1,000	1,273		

# CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### (dollars in millions, except per share amounts and where indicated)

8.375% senior debentures due July 15, 2033	1,000	1,321	1,000	1,324
Total debt	 61,264	62,844	60,036	61,747
Less current portion:				
5.850% senior notes due May 1, 2017	(2,000)	(2,007)	(2,000)	(2,028)
Long-term debt	\$ 59,264	\$ 60,837	\$ 58,036	\$ 59,719

(a) Principal amount includes £625 million valued at \$783 million and \$770 million as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, using the exchange rate at the respective dates.

(b) Principal amount includes £650 million valued at \$815 million and \$800 million as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, using the exchange rate at the respective dates.

The accreted values presented in the table above represent the principal amount of the debt less the original issue discount at the time of sale, deferred financing costs, and, in regards to the Legacy TWC debt assumed, a fair value premium adjustment as a result of applying acquisition accounting plus the accretion of those amounts to the balance sheet date. However, the amount that is currently payable if the debt becomes immediately due is equal to the principal amount of the debt. In regards to the fixed-rate British pound sterling denominated notes (the "Sterling Notes"), the principal amount of the debt and any premium or discount into US dollars is remeasured as of each balance sheet date. See Note 8. The Company has availability under the Charter Operating credit facilities of approximately \$2.8 billion as of March 31, 2017.

#### **CCO Holdings**

In February 2016, CCO Holdings, LLC ("CCO Holdings") and CCO Holdings Capital Corp. ("CCO Holdings Capital") jointly issued \$1.7 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior notes due 2024. The proceeds, along with the proceeds from the April 2016 issuance of \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.500% senior notes due 2026, were used to repurchase all of CCO Holdings' 7.000% senior notes due 2019, 7.375% senior notes due 2020 and 6.500% senior notes due 2021 and to pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes.

In February 2017, CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital jointly issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027. The net proceeds were used to redeem CCO Holdings' 6.625% senior notes due 2022, pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$33 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 related to these transactions.

In March 2017, CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital jointly issued an additional \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027 at a price of 99.0% of the aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds, as well as cash on hand, were used in April 2017 to redeem Time Warner Cable, LLC's 5.850% senior notes due 2017, pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes.

In April 2017, CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital jointly issued an additional \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027 (the "April CCOH Notes" and together with the notes issued in February and March 2017 described above, the "Notes") at a price of 100.5% of the aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds, along with the net proceeds from the Charter Operating Notes described below) will be used to pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes, including to fund potential buybacks of Charter Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units.

The Notes are senior debt obligations of CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital and rank equally with all other current and future unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital. They are structurally subordinated to all obligations of subsidiaries of CCO Holdings.

CCO Holdings may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time at a premium. Beginning in 2025, the optional redemption price declines to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

In addition, at any time prior to May 1, 2020, CCO Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes at a premium plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, with the net cash proceeds of one or more equity offerings (as defined in the indenture); provided that certain conditions are met. In the event of specified change of control events,

CCO Holdings must offer to purchase the outstanding Notes from the holders at a purchase price equal to 101% of the total principal amount of the Notes, plus any accrued and unpaid interest.

#### **Charter Operating**

In January 2017, Charter Operating entered into an amendment to its Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated May 18, 2016 (the "Credit Agreement") decreasing the applicable LIBOR margin on both the term loan E and term loan F to 2.00% and eliminating the LIBOR floor. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 related to these transactions.

In April 2017, Charter Operating and Charter Communications Operating Capital Corp. issued \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.375% senior secured notes due May 1, 2047 (the "Charter Operating Notes") at a price of 99.968% of the aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds, along with the net proceeds from the April CCOH Notes described above) will be used to pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes, including to fund potential buybacks of Charter Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units.

The Charter Operating Notes are guaranteed by CCO Holdings, Time Warner Cable, LLC, Time Warner Cable Enterprises LLC and substantially all of the operating subsidiaries of Charter Operating. In addition, the Charter Operating Notes are secured by a perfected first priority security interest in substantially all of the assets of Charter Operating to the extent such liens can be perfected under the Uniform Commercial Code by the filing of a financing statement. The liens rank equally with the liens on the collateral securing obligations under the Charter Operating redit facilities and continue to exist as long as the liens securing such facilities exist. Charter Operating may redeem some or all of the Charter Operating notes at any time at a premium.

#### 6. Common Stock

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company purchased approximately 2.5 million shares of Charter Class A common stock for approximately \$799 million. As of March 31, 2017, Charter had remaining board authority to purchase an additional \$1.9 billion of Charter's Class A common stock without taking into account shares or units that may be purchased from A/N.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company withheld 304,037 shares and 85,349 shares, respectively, of its Class A common stock in payment of \$96 million and \$16 million, respectively, of income tax withholding owed by employees upon vesting of equity awards. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company also withheld 39,154 shares and 17,105 shares, respectively, of its Class A common stock representing the exercise costs owed by employees upon exercise of stock options.

In December 2016, Charter's board of directors approved the retirement of the then currently held treasury stock and those shares were retired as of December 31, 2016. The Company accounts for treasury stock using the cost method and includes treasury stock as a component of total shareholders' equity.

#### 7. Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interests represents consolidated subsidiaries of which the Company owns less than 100%. The Company is a holding company whose principal asset is a controlling equity interest in Charter Holdings, the indirect owner of the Company's cable systems. Noncontrolling interests on the Company's balance sheet primarily includes A/N's equity interests in Charter Holdings, which is comprised of a common ownership interest and a convertible preferred ownership interest.

Net income (loss) of Charter Holdings attributable to A/N's common noncontrolling interest for financial reporting purposes is based on the effective common ownership interest of approximately 10%, and was \$18 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Net income (loss) of Charter Holdings attributable to the preferred noncontrolling interest for financial reporting purposes is based on the preferred dividend which was \$38 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. In addition, noncontrolling interest and additional paid-in-capital were adjusted during the three months ended March 31, 2017 due to changes in Charter Holdings' ownership. These adjustments resulted in a decrease to noncontrolling interest of approximately \$43 million and a corresponding increase to additional paid-in-capital of \$43 million, net of \$16 million of deferred income taxes, for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Pursuant to the Letter Agreement (see Note 14), Charter Holdings purchased from A/N 83,416 Charter Holdings common units at a price per unit of \$324.63, or \$27 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The common units purchased had a net carrying value in noncontrolling interest of approximately \$19 million. As of March 31, 2017, A/N held 28.3 million Charter Holdings common units in addition to shares of Charter Class A common stock.

#### 8. Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company uses derivative instruments to manage interest rate risk on variable debt and foreign exchange risk on the Sterling Notes, and does not hold or issue derivative instruments for speculative trading purposes.

Interest rate derivative instruments are used to manage interest costs and to reduce the Company's exposure to increases in floating interest rates. The Company manages its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by maintaining a mix of fixed and variable rate debt. Using interest rate derivative instruments, the Company agrees to exchange, at specified intervals through 2017, the difference between fixed and variable interest amounts calculated by reference to agreed-upon notional principal amounts. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had \$850 million in notional amounts of interest rate derivative instruments do not represent amounts exchanged by the parties and, thus, are not a measure of exposure to credit loss. The amounts exchanged were determined by reference to the notional amount and the other terms of the contracts.

Cross-currency derivative instruments are used to effectively convert £1.275 billion aggregate principal amount of fixed-rate British pound sterling denominated debt, including annual interest payments and the payment of principal at maturity, to fixed-rate U.S. dollar denominated debt. The cross-currency swaps have maturities of June 2031 and July 2042. The Company is required to post collateral on the cross-currency derivative instruments when the derivative contracts are in a liability position. In May 2016, the Company entered into a collateral holiday agreement for 80% of both the 2031 and 2042 cross-currency swaps, which eliminates the requirement to post collateral for three years.

The effect of derivative instruments on the consolidated balance sheets is presented in the table below:

	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016			
Interest Rate Derivatives					
Accrued interest	\$ 3	\$	5		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (4)	\$	(5)		
Cross-Currency Derivatives					
Other long-term liabilities	\$ 186	\$	251		

The Company's interest rate and cross-currency derivative instruments are not designated as hedges and are marked to fair value each period, with the impact recorded as a gain or loss on financial instruments, net in the consolidated statements of operations. While these derivative instruments are not designated as cash flow hedges for accounting purposes, management continues to believe such instruments are closely correlated with the respective debt, thus managing associated risk.

The effect of financial instruments on the consolidated statements of operations is presented in the table below.

	Three	Months <b>F</b>	Ended M	larch 31,
	2017		2	016
Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments, Net:				
Change in fair value of interest rate derivative instruments	\$	2	\$	(3)
Change in fair value of cross-currency derivative instruments		65		_
Remeasurement of Sterling Notes to U.S. dollars		(28)		_
Loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss due to discontinuance of hedge accounting		(1)		(2)
	\$	38	\$	(5)

#### 9. Fair Value Measurements

The accounting guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements, based on the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date, as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

#### **Financial Assets and Liabilities**

The Company has estimated the fair value of its financial instruments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 using available market information or other appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment, however, is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company would realize in a current market exchange.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and other current assets and liabilities approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were primarily invested in money market funds. The money market funds are valued at the closing price reported by the fund sponsor from an actively traded exchange which approximates fair value. The money market funds potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk. The amount invested within any one financial instrument did not exceed \$250 million as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no significant concentrations of financial instruments in a single investee, industry or geographic location.

Interest rate derivative instruments are valued using a present value calculation based on an implied forward LIBOR curve (adjusted for Charter Operating's and counterparties' credit risk). The weighted average pay rate for the Company's currently effective interest rate derivative instruments was 1.59% at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (exclusive of applicable spreads). The cross-currency derivative instruments are valued using a present value calculation based on expected forward interest and exchange rates (adjusted for Charter Operating's and counterparties' credit risk).

Financial instruments accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis are presented in the table below.

	March	2017		Decembe	er 31, 2016		
	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 1		Level 2
Assets							
Money market funds	\$ 2,410	\$	—	\$	1,205	\$	—
Liabilities							
Interest rate derivative instruments	\$ —	\$	3	\$	—	\$	5
Cross-currency derivative instruments	\$ _	\$	186	\$	—	\$	251

A summary of the carrying value and fair value of debt as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is as follows:

		March	31, 2	2017		Decembe	er 31	, 2016	
	Carr	ying Value		Fair Value	<b>Carrying Value</b>			Fair Value	
Senior notes and debentures	\$	54,075	\$	56,657	\$	52,933	\$	55,203	
Credit facilities	\$	8,769	\$	8,889	\$	8,814	\$	8,943	

The estimated fair value of the Company's senior notes and debentures as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is based on quoted market prices in active markets and is classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy, while the estimated fair value of the Company's credit facilities is based on quoted market prices in inactive markets and is classified within Level 2.

#### Nonfinancial Assets and Liabilities

The Company's nonfinancial assets such as equity-method investments, franchises, property, plant, and equipment, and other intangible assets are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis; however, they are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances, such as when there is evidence that an impairment may exist. No material impairments were recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. Upon closing of the Transactions, all of Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House nonfinancial assets and liabilities were recorded at fair values. See Note 2.

#### 10. Operating Costs and Expenses

Operating costs and expenses, exclusive of items shown separately in the consolidated statements of operations, consist of the following for the periods presented:

	Three Mo	ths End	ed March 31,
	2017		2016
Programming	\$ 2	504 \$	703
Regulatory, connectivity and produced content		498	112
Costs to service customers	1,	815	421
Marketing		582	165
Transition costs		51	21
Other	1	029	249
	\$ 6	579 \$	1,671

Programming costs consist primarily of costs paid to programmers for basic, premium, digital, video on demand, and pay-per-view programming. Regulatory, connectivity and produced content costs represent payments to franchise and regulatory authorities, costs directly related to providing video. Internet and voice services as well as payments for sports, local and news content produced by the Company. Included in regulatory, connectivity and produced content costs is content acquisition costs for the Los Angeles

Lakers' basketball games and Los Angeles Dodgers' baseball games which are recorded as games are exhibited over the applicable season. Costs to service customers include costs related to field operations, network operations and customer care for the Company's residential and small and medium business customers, including internal and third-party labor for installations, service and repairs, maintenance, billing and collection, occupancy and vehicle costs. Marketing costs represent the costs of marketing to current and potential commercial and residential customers including labor costs. Transition costs represent incremental costs incurred to integrate the TWC and Bright House operations and to increase the scale of the Company's business as a result of the Transactions. See Note 2. Other includes bad debt expense, corporate overhead, advertising sales expenses, indirect costs associated with the Company's enterprise business customers and regional sports and news networks, property tax expense and insurance expense and stock compensation expense, among others.

#### 11. Other Operating Expenses, Net

Other operating expenses, net consist of the following for the periods presented:

	Thi	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	20	2017 2016							
Merger and restructuring costs	\$	95 \$	14						
Special charges, net		2	4						
(Gain) loss on sale of assets, net		(3)	—						
	\$	94 \$	18						

#### Merger and restructuring costs

Merger and restructuring costs represent costs incurred in connection with merger and acquisition transactions and related restructuring, such as advisory, legal and accounting fees, employee retention costs, employee termination costs related to the Transactions and other exit costs. The Company expects to incur additional merger and restructuring costs in connection with the Transactions. Changes in accruals for merger and restructuring costs from December 31, 2016 through March 31, 2017 are presented below:

	Employee Retention Costs		Employee Termination Costs		Transaction and Advisory Costs		C	Other Costs	Total
Liability, December 31, 2016	\$	7	\$	244	\$	25	\$	_	\$ 276
Costs incurred		3		61		2		12	78
Cash paid		—		(100)		(2)		(12)	(114)
Remaining liability, March 31, 2017	\$	10	\$	205	\$	25	\$	_	\$ 240

In addition to the costs incurred indicated above, the Company recorded \$17 million of expense related to accelerated vesting of equity awards of terminated employees for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

#### Special charges, net

Special charges, net primarily includes employee termination costs not related to the Transactions and net amounts of litigation settlements.

#### (Gain) loss on sale of assets, net

(Gain) loss on sale of assets, net represents the net (gain) loss recognized on the sales and disposals of fixed assets and cable systems.

#### 12. Income Taxes

Substantially all of the Company's operations are held through Charter Holdings and its direct and indirect subsidiaries. Charter Holdings and the majority of its subsidiaries are generally limited liability companies that are not subject to income tax. However, certain of these limited liability companies are subject to state income tax. In addition, the subsidiaries that are corporations are subject to income tax. Generally, the taxable income, gains, losses, deductions and credits of Charter Holdings are passed through to its members, Charter and A/N. Charter is responsible for its share of taxable income or loss of Charter Holdings allocated to it in accordance with the CCH Limited Liability Company Agreement ("LLC Agreement") and partnership tax rules and regulations. As a result, Charter's primary deferred tax component recorded in the consolidated balance sheets relates to its excess financial reporting outside basis, excluding amounts attributable to nondeductible goodwill, over Charter's tax basis in the investment in Charter Holdings.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recorded \$25 million and \$28 million of income tax expense, respectively. Income tax expense is generally recognized through increases in deferred tax liabilities as well as through current federal and state income tax expense. Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was reduced by approximately \$56 million due to the recognition of excess tax benefits resulting from share based compensation as a component of the provision for income taxes as a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting* ("ASU 2016-09"). In addition, net deferred tax liabilities decreased by \$136 million as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-09. See Note 19.

Charter Holdings, the indirect owner of the Company's cable systems, generally allocates its taxable income, gains, losses, deductions and credits proportionately according to the members' respective ownership interests, except for special allocations required under Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations ("Section 704(c)"). Pursuant to Section 704(c) and the LLC Agreement, each item of income, gain, loss and deduction with respect to any property contributed to the capital of the partnership shall, solely for tax purposes, be allocated among the members so as to take into account any variation between the adjusted basis of such property to the partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes and its initial gross asset value using the "traditional method" as described in the Treasury Regulations.

In determining the Company's tax provision for financial reporting purposes, the Company establishes a reserve for uncertain tax positions unless such positions are determined to be "more likely than not" of being sustained upon examination, based on their technical merits. There is considerable judgment involved in making such a determination. The Company has recorded unrecognized tax benefits totaling approximately \$171 million and \$172 million, excluding interest and penalties, as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The Company does not currently anticipate that its reserve for uncertain tax positions will significantly increase or decrease during 2017; however, various events could cause the Company's current expectations to change in the future. These uncertain tax positions, if ever recognized in the financial statements, would be recorded in the consolidated statements of operations as part of the income tax provision.

No tax years for Charter, Charter Holdings, or Charter Communications Holding Company, LLC for income tax purposes, are currently under examination by the IRS. Legacy Charter's tax years ending 2013 through the short period return dated May 17, 2016 remain subject to examination and assessment. Years prior to 2013 remain open solely for purposes of examination of Legacy Charter's loss and credit carryforwards. The IRS is currently examining Legacy TWC's income tax returns for 2011 and 2012. Legacy TWC's tax years ending 2013 through 2015 remain subject to examination and assessment. Prior to Legacy TWC's separation from Time Warner Inc. ("Time Warner") in March 2009 (the "Separation"), Legacy TWC was included in the consolidated U.S. federal and certain state income tax returns of Time Warner. The IRS is currently examining Time Warner's 2008 through 2010 income tax returns. Time Warner's income tax returns for 2005 to 2007, which are periods prior to the Separation, were settled with the exception of an immaterial item that has been referred to the IRS Appeals Division. The Company does not anticipate that these examinations will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated tax authorities for various periods. Activity related to these state and local examinations did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations during the three months ended March 31, 2017, nor does the Company anticipate a material impact in the future.

#### 13. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to Charter shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share considers the impact of potentially dilutive securities using the treasury stock and if-converted methods and is based on the weighted average number of shares used for the basic earnings per share calculation, adjusted for the dilutive effect of stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, equity awards with market conditions and Charter Holdings convertible preferred units and common units. Basic loss per common share equals diluted loss per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2016 because the Company incurred a net loss during that period. The following is the computation of diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

	Three Mor	oths Ended March 31, 2017
Numerator:		
Net income attributable to Charter shareholders	\$	155
Denominator:		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic		269,004,817
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Assumed exercise or issuance of shares relating to stock plans		4,194,692
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted		273,199,509
Basic earnings per common share attributable to Charter shareholders	\$	0.58
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to Charter shareholders	\$	0.57

#### 14. Related Party Transactions

On May 23, 2015, in connection with the execution of the Merger Agreement and the amendment of the Contribution Agreement, Charter entered into the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement with Liberty Broadband, A/N and Legacy Charter (the "Stockholders Agreement") and the Charter Holdings Limited Liability Operating Agreement ("LLC Agreement") with Liberty Broadband and A/N. As of the closing of the Merger Agreement and the Contribution Agreement on May 18, 2016, the Stockholders Agreement replaced Legacy Charter's existing stockholders agreement with Liberty Broadband, dated September 29, 2014, and superseded the amended and restated stockholders agreement among Legacy Charter, Charter, Liberty Broadband and A/N, dated March 31, 2015.

Under the terms of the Stockholders Agreement, the number of Charter's directors is fixed at 13, and includes its chief executive officer. Upon the closing of the Bright House Transaction, two designees selected by A/N became members of the board of directors of Charter and three designees selected by Liberty Broadband continued as members of the board of directors of Charter. The remaining eight directors are not affiliated with either A/N or Liberty Broadband. Each of A/N and Liberty Broadband is entitled to nominate at least one director to each of the committees of Charter's board of directors, subject to applicable stock exchange listing rules and certain specified voting or equity ownership thresholds for each of A/N and Liberty Broadband, and provided that the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Compensation and Benefit Committee each have at least a majority of directors independent from A/N, Liberty Broadband and the Company (referred to as the "unaffiliated directors"). Each of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and three unaffiliated directors and one designee of each of A/N and Liberty Broadband. A/N and Liberty Broadband also have certain other committee designation and other governance rights. Upon the closing of the Bright House Transaction, Mr. Thomas Rutledge, the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), became the chairman of the board of Charter.

In December 2016, the Company and A/N entered into a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") that requires pro rata participation by A/N and its affiliates in any repurchases of shares of Charter Class A common stock until A/N has sold shares or units totaling \$537 million (\$245 million has already been completed and of that total, \$27 million was completed during the three months ended March 31, 2017), subject to Liberty Broadband's right of first refusal to purchase shares or units from A/N upon A/N's sale to any third party.

The Company is aware that Dr. John Malone may be deemed to have a 36.4% voting interest in Liberty Interactive and is Chairman of the board of directors, an executive officer position, of Liberty Interactive. Liberty Interactive owns 38.3% of the common stock of HSN, Inc. ("HSN") and has the right to elect 20% of the board members of HSN. Liberty Interactive wholly owns QVC, Inc. ("QVC"). The Company has programming relationships with HSN and QVC which pre-date the transaction with Liberty Media Corporation. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recorded payments in aggregate of approximately \$17 million and \$4 million, respectively, from HSN and QVC as part of channel carriage fees and revenue sharing arrangements for home shopping sales made to customers in the Company's footprint.

Dr. Malone and Mr. Steven Miron, each a member of Charter's board of directors, also serve on the board of directors of Discovery Communications, Inc., ("Discovery") and the Company is aware that Dr. Malone owns 5.2% in the aggregate of the common stock of Discovery and has a 28.7% voting interest in Discovery for the election of directors. The Company is aware that Advance/Newhouse Programming Partnership ("A/N PP"), an affiliate of A/N and in which Mr. Miron is the CEO, owns 100% of the Series A preferred stock of Discovery and 100% of the Series C preferred stock of Discovery, representing approximately 34.0% of the outstanding equity of Discovery's stock, on an as-converted basis. A/N PP has the right to appoint three directors out of a total of ten directors to Discovery's board to be elected by the holders of Discovery's Series A preferred stock. In addition, Dr. Malone is a member of the board of directors of Lions Gate Entertainment Corp. ("Lions Gate", parent company of Starz, Inc.) and owns approximately 5.9% in the aggregate of the common stock of Lions Gate and has 8.1% of the voting power, pursuant to his ownership of Lions Gate Class A voting shares. The Company purchases programming from both Discovery and Lions Gate represent less than 3% of total operating costs and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

The Company has agreements with certain equity-method investees pursuant to which the Company has made or received related party transaction payments. The Company recorded payments to equity-method investees totaling \$68 million and \$4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The Company recorded advertising revenues from transactions with equity-method investees totaling \$2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

#### 15. Contingencies

In 2014, following an announcement by Comcast and Legacy TWC of their intent to merge, Breffni Barrett and others filed suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York for the County of New York against Comcast, Legacy TWC and their respective officers and directors. Later five similar class actions were consolidated with this matter (the "NY Actions"). The NY Actions were settled in July 2014, however, such settlement was terminated following the termination of the Comcast and TWC merger in April 2015. In May 2015, Charter and TWC announced their intent to merge. Subsequently, the parties in the NY Actions filed a Second Consolidated Class Action Complaint (the "Second Amended Complaint"), removing Comcast as a defendant and naming TWC, the members of the TWC board of directors, Charter and the merger subsidiaries as defendants. The Second Amended Complaint generally alleged, among other things, that the members of the TWC board of directors breached their fiduciary duties to TWC stockholders during the Charter merger negotiations and by entering into the merger agreement and approving the mergers, and that Charter aided and abetted such breaches of fiduciary duties. The complaint sought, among other relief, injunctive relief enjoining the stockholder vote on the mergers, unspecified declaratory and equitable relief, compensatory damages in an unspecified amount, and costs and attorneys' fees.

In September 2015, the parties entered into a memorandum of understanding ("MOU") to settle the action. Pursuant to the MOU, the defendants issued certain supplemental disclosures relating to the mergers on a Form 8-K, and plaintiffs agreed to release with prejudice all claims that could have been asserted against defendants in connection with the mergers. The settlement is conditioned on, among other things, approval by the New York Supreme Court. That court gave preliminary approval to the settlement in October 2016 and granted final approval in March 2017.

In August 2015, a purported stockholder of Charter, Matthew Sciabacucchi, filed a lawsuit in the Delaware Court of Chancery, on behalf of a putative class of Charter stockholders, challenging the transactions between Charter, TWC, A/N, and Liberty Broadband announced by Charter on May 26, 2015 (collectively, the "Transactions"). The lawsuit names as defendants Liberty Broadband, Charter, the board of directors of Charter, and New Charter. Plaintiff alleged that the Transactions improperly benefit Liberty Broadband at the expense of other Charter shareholders, and that Charter issued a false and misleading proxy statement

in connection with the Transactions. Plaintiff requested, among other things, that the Delaware Court of Chancery enjoin the September 21, 2015 special meeting of Charter stockholders at which Charter stockholders were asked to vote on the Transactions until the defendants disclosed certain information relating to Charter and the Transactions. The disclosures demanded by the plaintiff included (i) certain unlevered free cash flow projections for Charter and (ii) a Form of Proxy and Right of First Refusal Agreement ("Proxy") by and among Liberty Broadband, A/N, Charter and New Charter, which was referenced in the description of the Second Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement, dated May 23, 2015, among Charter, New Charter, Liberty Broadband and A/N. On September 9, 2015, Charter issued supplemental disclosures containing unlevered free cash flow projections. In return, the plaintiff agreed its disclosure claims were moot and withdrew its application to enjoin the Charter stockholder vote on the Transactions. Charter has filed a motion to dismiss this litigation but the court has not yet ruled upon it. Charter denies any liability, believes that it has substantial defenses, and intends to vigorously defend this suit.

The California Attorney General and the Alameda County, California District Attorney are investigating whether certain of Legacy Charter's waste disposal policies, procedures and practices are in violation of the California Business and Professions Code and the California Health and Safety Code. That investigation was commenced in January 2014. A similar investigation involving Legacy TWC was initiated in February 2012. Charter is cooperating with these investigations. While the Company is unable to predict the outcome of these investigations, it does not expect that the outcome will have a material effect on its operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

On December 19, 2011, Sprint Communications Company L.P. ("Sprint") filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the District of Kansas alleging that Legacy TWC infringes 12 U.S. patents purportedly relating to Voice over Internet Protocol ("VoIP") services. Over the course of the litigation Sprint dismissed its claims relating to five of the asserted patents, and shortly before trial Sprint dropped its claims with respect to two additional patents. A trial on the remaining five patents began on February 13, 2017. On March 3, 2017 the jury returned a verdict of \$140 million against Legacy TWC and further concluded that Legacy TWC had willfully infringed Sprint's patents. The court subsequently declined to enhance the damage award as a result of the purported willful infringement. The Company plans to appeal. In addition to its appeal, the Company will continue to pursue indemnity from one of its vendors. The impact of the verdict was reflected in the adjustment to net current liabilities as described in Note 2. The Company does not expect that the outcome of this litigation will have a material adverse effect on its operations or financial condition. The ultimate outcome of this litigation or the pursuit of indemnity against the Company's vendor cannot be predicted.

On October 23, 2015, the New York Office of the Attorney General (the "NY AG") began an investigation of Legacy TWC's advertised Internet speeds and other Internet product advertising. On February 1, 2017, the NY AG filed suit in the Supreme Court for the State of New York alleging that Legacy TWC's advertising of Internet speeds was false and misleading. The suit seeks restitution and injunctive relief. The Company denies that Legacy TWC engaged in any wrongdoing and the Company intends to defend itself vigorously. However, no assurances can be made that such defenses would ultimately be successful. At this time, the Company does not expect that the outcome of this litigation will have a material adverse effect on its operations, financial condition or cash flows.

The Company is a defendant or co-defendant in several lawsuits involving alleged infringement of various patents relating to various aspects of its businesses. Other industry participants are also defendants in certain of these cases. In the event that a court ultimately determines that the Company infringes on any intellectual property rights, the Company may be subject to substantial damages and/or an injunction that could require the Company or its vendors to modify certain products and services the Company offers to its subscribers, as well as negotiate royalty or license agreements with respect to the patents at issue. While the Company believes the lawsuits are without merit and intends to defend the actions vigorously, no assurance can be given that any adverse outcome would not be material to the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity. The Company cannot predict the outcome of any such claims nor can it reasonably estimate a range of possible loss.

The Company is party to lawsuits, claims and regulatory inquiries that arise in the ordinary course of conducting its business, including lawsuits claiming violation of wage and hour laws and breach of contract by vendors, including by three programmers. The ultimate outcome of these other legal matters pending against the Company cannot be predicted, and although such lawsuits and claims are not expected individually to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity, such lawsuits could have, in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity. Whether or not the Company ultimately prevails in any particular lawsuit or claim, litigation can be time consuming and costly and injure the Company's reputation.

#### 16. Stock Compensation Plans

Charter's 2009 Stock Incentive Plan provides for grants of nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, dividend equivalent rights, performance units and performance shares, share awards, phantom stock, restricted stock units and restricted stock. Directors, officers and other employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as others performing consulting services for the Company, are eligible for grants under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan.

Charter granted the following equity awards for the periods presented after applying the parent company merger ratio as a result of the Transactions, as applicable.

	Three Months End	ed March 31,
	2017	2016
Stock options	1,102,620	879,606
Restricted stock	_	_
Restricted stock units	268,194	248,384

Legacy Charter stock options and restricted stock units cliff vest upon the three year anniversary of each grant. Certain stock options and restricted stock units vest based on achievement of stock price hurdles. Stock options generally expire ten years from the grant date and restricted stock units have no voting rights. Restricted stock generally vests annually one year beginning from the date of grant. Legacy TWC restricted stock units that were converted into Charter restricted stock units generally vest 50% on each of the third and fourth anniversary of the grant date. Legacy TWC stock options that were converted into Charter stock options vest ratably over a four-year period and expire ten years from the grant date.

As of March 31, 2017, total unrecognized compensation remaining to be recognized in future periods totaled \$304 million for stock options, \$0.2 million for restricted stock and \$300 million for restricted stock units and the weighted average period over which they are expected to be recognized is three years for stock options, one month for restricted stock and three years for restricted stock units.

The Company recorded \$69 million and \$24 million of stock compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is included in operating costs and expenses. The Company also recorded \$17 million of expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017, respectively, related to accelerated vesting of equity awards of terminated employees which is recorded in merger and restructuring costs.

#### 17. Employee Benefit Plans

The Company sponsors two qualified defined benefit pension plans, the TWC Pension Plan and the TWC Union Pension Plan, that provide pension benefits to a majority of Legacy TWC employees. The Company also provides a nonqualified defined benefit pension plan for certain employees under the TWC Excess Pension Plan.

Pension benefits are based on formulas that reflect the employees' years of service and compensation during their employment period. Actuarial gains or losses are changes in the amount of either the benefit obligation or the fair value of plan assets resulting from experience different from that assumed or from changes in assumptions. The Company has elected to follow a mark-to-market pension accounting policy for recording the actuarial gains or losses annually during the fourth quarter, or earlier if a remeasurement event occurs during an interim period.

The components of net periodic pension benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

	Three Months En	nded March 31,
	201	17
Interest cost	\$	34
Expected return on plan assets		(47)
Net periodic pension benefit	\$	(13)

Interest cost and expected return on plan assets are recorded in other income (expense), net in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company made no cash contributions to the qualified pension plans during the three months ended March 31, 2017; however, the Company may make discretionary cash contributions to the qualified pension plans in the future. Such contributions will be dependent on a variety of factors, including current and expected interest rates, asset performance, the funded status of the qualified pension plans and management's judgment. For the nonqualified unfunded pension plan, the Company will continue to make contributions during 2017 to the extent benefits are paid.

#### 18. Consolidating Schedules

Each of Charter Operating, TWC, LLC, TWCE, CCO Holdings and certain subsidiaries jointly, severally, fully and unconditionally guarantee the outstanding debt securities of the others (other than the CCO Holdings notes) on an unsecured senior basis and the condensed consolidating financial information has been prepared and presented pursuant to SEC Regulation S-X Rule 3-10, *Financial Statements of Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities Registered or Being Registered.* Certain Charter Operating subsidiaries that are regulated telephone entities only become guarantor subsidiaries upon approval by regulators. This information is not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the individual companies or groups of companies in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The "Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries" column is presented to comply with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

The "Safari Escrow Entities" column included in the condensed consolidating financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2016 consists of CCOH Safari, CCO Safari II and CCO Safari III and CCO Safari III and CCO Safari III and CCO Safari III credit facilities, respectively. Upon closing of the TWC Transaction, the CCOH Safari notes became obligations of CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital and the CCO Safari II notes and CCO Safari III credit facilities became obligations of Charter Operating and Charter Communications Operating Capital Corp. CCOH Safari merged into CCO Holdings and CCO Safari II and CCO Safari III and CCO Safari III and CCO Safari III notes and the CCO Safari III notes and CCO Safari III credit facilities became obligations of Charter Operating and Charter Communications Operating Capital Corp. CCOH Safari merged into CCO Holdings and CCO Safari II and CCO Safari III merged into Charter Operating.

Condensed consolidating financial statements as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 follow.

# CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# (dollars in millions, except per share amounts and where indicated)

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets As of March 31, 2017

	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries				Guarant	or Sul	bsidiaries					
ASSETS		Charter		termediate Holding Companies	CCO Holdings		Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries		l Eliminations		Charter Consolidated	
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25	\$	155	\$	872	\$	1,868	\$	_	\$	2,920
Accounts receivable, net		46		14		_		1,251		_		1,311
Receivables from related party		_		602		48		_		(650)		_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		_		50		_		385		_		435
Total current assets		71		821		920		3,504		(650)		4,666
INVESTMENT IN CABLE PROPERTIES:												
Property, plant and equipment, net		—		240		—		32,459		—		32,699
Franchises		—		—		—		67,316		—		67,316
Customer relationships, net		—		_		—		13,904		—		13,904
Goodwill		—		_				29,526				29,526
Total investment in cable properties, net				240				143,205				143,445
INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES		66,165		75,302		88,568		_		(230,035)		_
LOANS RECEIVABLE – RELATED PARTY		178		655		511		_		(1,344)		_
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS		—		215		—		1,118		—		1,333
Total assets	\$	66,414	\$	77,233	\$	89,999	\$	147,827	\$	(232,029)	\$	149,444
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'/MI	MBEF	'S EOUITY	7									
CURRENT LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	11	\$	805	\$	205	\$	6,492	\$	_	\$	7,513
Payables to related party		11		_				639		(650)		_
Current portion of long-term debt		_		_				2,007		_		2,007
Total current liabilities		22		805		205		9,138		(650)		9,520
LONG-TERM DEBT		—		_		14,492		46,345				60,837
LOANS PAYABLE – RELATED PARTY								1,344		(1,344)		
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		26,516		21				39				26,576
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		156		83				2,368				2,607
SHAREHOLDERS'/MEMBER'S EQUITY												
Controlling interest		39,720		66,165		75,302		88,568		(230,035)		39,720
Noncontrolling interests		_		10,159		_		25		_		10,184
Total shareholders'/member's equity		39,720		76,324		75,302		88,593		(230,035)		49,904
	<u>_</u>		<i>c</i>		-		-		~	(000	<u>_</u>	
Total liabilities and shareholders'/member's equity	\$	66,414	\$	77,233	\$	89,999	\$	147,827	\$	(232,029)	\$	149,444

# CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# (dollars in millions, except per share amounts and where indicated)

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2016

	Non-Guarantor			sidiaries	Guarantor Subsidiaries							
	Charter			termediate Holding Companies	CCO Holdings		Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries		Eliminations		Charter Consolidated	
ASSETS												
CURRENT ASSETS:	¢	57	¢	154	\$		¢	1 224	¢		¢	1.525
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57	\$	154	\$	_	\$	1,324	\$	—	\$	1,535
Accounts receivable, net Receivables from related party		34		11		-		1,387		((92)		1,432
* -		170		451		62				(683)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets				33				300		((82)		333
Total current assets		261		649		62		3,011		(683)		3,300
INVESTMENT IN CABLE PROPERTIES:												
Property, plant and equipment, net		_		245		_		32,718		_		32,963
Franchises		_		_		_		67,316		_		67,316
Customer relationships, net		_		_		_		14,608		_		14,608
Goodwill		_		_		_		29,509		_		29,509
Total investment in cable properties, net		_		245		_		144,151		_		144,396
INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES		66,692		75,838		88,760				(231,290)		
LOANS RECEIVABLE – RELATED PARTY				640		494				(1,134)		
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS				214				1,157				1,371
T ( 1 )	\$	66,953	\$	77,586	\$	89,316	\$	148,319	\$	(233,107)	\$	149,067
Total assets	¢	00,955	ۍ	77,580	\$	89,510	¢	148,319	¢	(255,107)	\$	149,007
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'/ME	MBER	'S EQUITY										
CURRENT LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	22	\$	625	\$	219	\$	6,678	\$	_	\$	7,544
Payables to related party		—		—		—		683		(683)		—
Current portion of long-term debt		—		—		—		2,028		—		2,028
Total current liabilities		22		625		219		9,389		(683)		9,572
LONG-TERM DEBT				_	·	13,259		46,460				59,719
LOANS PAYABLE – RELATED PARTY								1,134		(1,134)		
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		26,637		3				25				26,665
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		155		64				2,526				2,745
SHAREHOLDERS'/MEMBER'S EQUITY												
Controlling interest		40,139		66,692		75,838		88,760		(231,290)		40,139
Noncontrolling interests		_		10,202		_		25		_		10,227
Total shareholders'/member's equity		40,139		76,894		75,838		88,785		(231,290)		50,366
Total liabilities and shareholders'/member's equity	\$	66,953	\$	77,586	\$	89,316	\$	148,319	\$	(233,107)	\$	149,067

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the three months ended March 31, 2017

	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries			idiaries	G	uaranto	r Subsic	liaries			
	Charter		Н	rmediate olding mpanies	CCO Holdings		Oper Re	harter ating and stricted sidiaries	- Eliminations		Charter Isolidated
REVENUES	\$	29	\$	313	\$		\$	10,164	\$	(342)	\$ 10,164
COSTS AND EXPENSES:											
Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of items shown separately below)		29		308		_		6,584		(342)	6,579
Depreciation and amortization		_		2		_		2,548		_	2,550
Other operating expenses, net		_		_		_		94		_	94
		29		310		_		9,226		(342)	9,223
Income from operations		_		3				938		_	 941
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES):											
Interest income (expense), net		1		5	(	(190)		(529)		_	(713)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_		(33)		(1)		_	(34)
Gain on financial instruments, net		_		—		_		38		_	38
Other income (expense), net		—		(9)		_		13		—	4
Equity in income of subsidiaries		158		217		440				(815)	 _
		159		213		217		(479)		(815)	 (705)
Income before income taxes		159		216		217		459		(815)	236
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		(4)		(2)		_		(19)			(25)
Consolidated net income		155		214		217		440		(815)	 211
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		(56)		_		_		_	(56)
Net income	\$	155	\$	158	\$	217	\$	440	\$	(815)	\$ 155

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the three months ended March 31, 2016

	ľ	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries					Guarant	or Subsidiaries			
	с	harter	1	termediate Holding ompanies	Safari Escrow Entities		CCO Holdings	Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries		Eliminations	Charter Consolidated
REVENUES	\$	7	\$	96	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 2,53	30	\$ (103)	\$ 2,530
COSTS AND EXPENSES:											
Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of items shown separately below)		7		96		_	_	1,67	71	(103)	1,671
Depreciation and amortization		_		_		_	_	53	39	_	539
Other operating expenses, net		—		—		—	—	1	8	_	18
		7		96		_		2,22	28	(103)	2,228
Income from operations				_				30	02		302
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES):											
Interest income (expense), net		_		3		(257)	(165)	(3	35)	_	(454)
Loss on financial instruments, net		—		—		_	—	(	(5)		(5)
Other expense, net		—		(3)		_	—	-	_	_	(3)
Equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries		(160)		(160)		—	262	-		58	
		(160)		(160)		(257)	97	(4	10)	58	(462)
Income (loss) before income taxes		(160)		(160)		(257)	97	26	52	58	(160)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		(28)		—		—	_	-		_	(28)
Net income (loss)	\$	(188)	\$	(160)	\$	(257)	\$ 97	\$ 26	52	\$ 58	\$ (188)

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three months ended March 31, 2017

	I	Non-Guaran	tor Sub	sidiaries	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>							
	c	harter		itermediate Holding Companies	CCO Holdings		Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries		Eliminations		Charter Consolidated	
Consolidated net income	\$	155	\$	214	\$	217	\$	440	\$	(815)	\$	211
Net impact of interest rate derivative instruments		1		1		1		1		(3)		1
Consolidated comprehensive income		156		215		218		441		(818)		212
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests				(56)		_		_		—		(56)
Comprehensive income	\$	156	\$	159	\$	218	\$	441	\$	(818)	\$	156

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three months ended March 31, 2016

	 Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries						Guarante	or Sub	sidiaries				
	Charter	Intermediate Holding Companies		Safari Escrow Entities		CCO Holdings		Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries		Eliminations		Charter Consolidated	
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$ (188)	\$	(160)	\$	(257)	\$	97	\$	262	\$	58	\$	(188)
Net impact of interest rate derivative instruments	2		2		2		2		2		(8)		2
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (186)	\$	(158)	\$	(255)	\$	99	\$	264	\$	50	\$	(186)

# CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# (dollars in millions, except per share amounts and where indicated)

#### Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the three months ended March 31, 2017

		Non-Guarant	bsidiaries	Gua	ranto	or Subs	sidiaries				
	Charter		Intermediate Holding Companies		CCO Holdings		Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries		Eliminations	Charter Consolidated	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	146	\$	33	\$ (2	04)	\$	2,868	\$	\$	2,843
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:											
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		_		_				(1,555)	_		(1,555)
Change in accrued expenses related to capital expenditures		_		_				(150)	_		(150)
Contributions to subsidiaries		(72)		_				_	72		_
Distributions from subsidiaries		895		856	7	37		_	(2,488)		_
Other, net		_		_				(7)	_		(7)
Net cash flows from investing activities		823		856	7	37		(1,712)	(2,416)		(1,712)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:											
Borrowings of long-term debt		_		_	1,9	90		2,650	_		4,640
Repayments of long-term debt		_		_	(7	75)		(2,700)	_		(3,475)
Borrowings (repayments) loans payable - related parties		(178)		_				178	_		_
Payments for debt issuance costs		_		_	(	20)		(1)	_		(21)
Purchase of treasury stock		(895)		_				_	_		(895)
Purchase of noncontrolling interest		_		(27)		_		_	_		(27)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest		_		(38)		_		_	_		(38)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		72		_		_		_	_		72
Contributions from parent		_		72		_		_	(72)		_
Distributions to parent		_		(895)	(8	56)		(737)	2,488		_
Other, net		_				_		(2)	_		(2)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(1,001)		(888)	3	39		(612)	2,416		254
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(32)		1	8	72		544	—		1,385
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period		57		154				1,324			1,535
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$	25	\$	155	\$ 8	72	\$	1,868	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$	2,920

# CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# (dollars in millions, except per share amounts and where indicated)

Charter Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the three months ended March 31, 2016

	Non-Guarar	tor Subsidiaries		Guarante	or Subsidiaries			
	Intermediate Holding Charter Companies		Safari Escrow Entities	CCO Holdings	Charter Operating and Restricted Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Charter Consolidated	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ (259)	\$ (158)	\$ 839	<u> </u>	\$ 424	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	—	—	_	_	(429)	_	(429)	
Change in accrued expenses related to capital expenditures	_	_	_	_	(56)	_	(56)	
Distributions from subsidiaries	14	84	_	246	_	(344)	_	
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	_	(49)	_	_	_	(49)	
Other, net	_	_	_	_	(2)	_	(2)	
Net cash flows from investing activities	14	84	(49)	246	(487)	(344)	(536)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Borrowings of long-term debt	_	_	_	1,700	439	_	2,139	
Repayments of long-term debt	_	_	_	_	(727)	_	(727)	
Borrowings (payments) loans payable - related parties	_	_	308	(546)	238	_	_	
Payments for debt issuance costs	_	_	_	(17)	_	_	(17)	
Purchase of treasury stock	(16)	_	_	_	_	_	(16)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	5	_	_	_	_	_	5	
Distributions to parent	_	(84)	_	(14)	(246)	344	_	
Other, net	_	1	_	_	_	_	1	
Net cash flows from financing activities	(11)	(83)	308	1,123	(296)	344	1,385	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4	2	_	1,211	56	_	1,273	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period					5		5	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 4	\$ 2	s —	\$ 1,211	\$ 61	s —	\$ 1,278	

#### 19. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

#### Accounting Standards Adopted January 1, 2017

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which includes multiple provisions intended to simplify various aspects of the accounting for share-based payments. The new standard (1) requires all excess tax benefits and deficiencies to be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement in the period in which they occur regardless of whether the benefit reduces taxes payable in the current period, (2) requires classification of excess tax benefits as an operating activity on the statements of cash flows, (3) allows an entity to make an entity-wide accounting policy election to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest or account for forfeitures when they occur and (4) causes the threshold under which employee share-based awards partially settled in cash can qualify for equity classification to increase to the maximum statutory tax rates in the applicable jurisdiction. ASU 2016-09 will be effective for interim and annual periods after December 15, 2016 (January 1, 2017 for the Company). The new standard generally requires a modified retrospective transition through a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the period of adoption, with certain provisions requiring either a prospective or retrospective transition. The Company adopted ASU 2016-09 on January 1, 2017. Upon adoption of ASU 2016-09, the Company recognized excess tax benefits of approximately \$136 million in deferred tax benefit or expense associated with the difference between book and tax for stock compensation expense. On January 1, 2017, the Company also established an accounting policy election to assume zero forfeitures for stock award grants and account for forfeitures when they occur allo difference between book and tax for stock compensation expense. On January 1, 2017, the Company also established an accounting policy election to assume zero forfeitures for stock award grants and account for

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, *Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost* ("ASU 2017-07"), which requires employers to report the service cost component of net periodic pension cost in the same line item as other compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. The standard also requires the other components of net periodic cost be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside of a subtotal of income from operations. ASU 2017-07 will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is permitted. The new standard requires retrospective application and allows a practical expedient that permits an employer to use the amounts disclosed in its pension plan footnote for the prior comparative periods as the estimation basis for applying the retrospective presentation. The Company early adopted ASU 2017-07 during the current quarter and utilized the practical expedient to estimate the impact on the prior comparative period information presented in interim and annual financial statements. The Company previously recorded service cost with other compensation costs in operating costs and expenses in the consolidated statements of operations, and recorded other pension costs (benefits), in other operating expenses, net. Adoption of the standard results in the reclassification of other pension costs (benefits) to other expenses, net (non-operating). Adopting the standard will reduce 2016 income from operations presented for comparative purposes in the 2017 annual financial statements by \$899 million with a corresponding decrease to other expenses of \$899 million, with no impact to net income. There was no impact from the adoption of the standard for the three months ended March 31, 2016. ASU 2017-07 does not impact the consolidated balance sheets or statements of cash flows.

#### Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASU 2014-09"), which is a comprehensive revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. The new standard provides a single principles-based, five-step model to be applied to all contracts with customers, which steps are to (1) identify the contract(s) with the customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract and (5) recognize revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied. More specifically, revenue will be recognized when promised goods or services are transferred to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration expected in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 will be effective, reflecting the one-year deferral, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (January 1, 2018 for the Company). Companies can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating which method of transition will be utilized. The Company is continuing to assess all potential impacts that the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements, including developing new accounting policies, internal controls and processes to facilitate the adoption of the standard. The most significant impacts upon adoption are anticipated to result from the deferral over a period of time instead

of recognized immediately of (1) the residential installation revenues which represent nonrefundable up-front fees that convey a material right to the customer and (2) the internal and external commission expenses which represent costs of obtaining a contract.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases* ("ASU 2016-02"), which requires lessees to recognize almost all leases on their balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. Lessees are allowed to account for short-term leases (i.e., leases with a term of 12 months or less) off-balance sheet, consistent with current operating lease accounting. For income statement purposes, the FASB retained a dual model, requiring leases to be classified as either operating or finance. Classification will be based on criteria that are largely similar to those applied in current lease accounting, but without explicit bright lines. ASU 2016-02 will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 (January 1, 2019 for the Company). The new standard requires a modified retrospective transition through a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements including identifying the population of leases, evaluating technology solutions and collecting lease data.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, *Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments* ("ASU 2016-15"), which clarifies how entities should classify cash receipts and cash payments related to eight specific cash flow matters on the statement of cash flows, with the objective of reducing existing diversity in practice. ASU 2016-15 will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (January 1, 2018 for the Company). Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2016-15 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, *Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment* ("ASU 2017-04"), which eliminates step two from the goodwill impairment test. Under the new standard, to the extent the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds the fair value, the Company will record an impairment charge equal to the difference. The impairment charge recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. ASU 2017-04 will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (January 1, 2020 for the Company). Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2017-04 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### General

Charter Communications, Inc. (together with its controlled subsidiaries, "Charter") is the second largest cable operator in the United States and a leading broadband communications services company providing video, Internet and voice services to approximately 26.6 million residential and business customers at March 31, 2017. In addition, we sell video and online advertising inventory to local, regional and national advertising customers and fiber-delivered communications and managed information technology ("IT") solutions to larger enterprise customers. We also own and operate regional sports networks and local sports, news and community channels and sell security and home management services to the residential marketplace.

Charter is a holding company whose principal asset is a controlling equity interest in Charter Communications Holdings, LLC ("Charter Holdings"), an indirect owner of Charter Communications Operating, LLC ("Charter Operating") under which all of the operations reside. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions among consolidated entities have been eliminated.

#### **The Transactions**

On May 18, 2016, the transactions contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Mergers dated as of May 23, 2015 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among Time Warner Cable Inc. ("Legacy TWC"), Charter Communications, Inc. prior to the closing of the Merger Agreement ("Legacy Charter"), CCH I, LLC, previously a wholly owned subsidiary of Legacy Charter and certain other subsidiaries of CCH I, LLC were completed (the "TWC Transaction," and together with the Bright House Transaction described below, the "Transactions"). As a result of the TWC Transaction, CCH I, LLC became the new public parent company that holds the operations of the combined companies and was renamed Charter Communications, Inc.

Also, on May 18, 2016, Legacy Charter and Advance/Newhouse Partnership ("A/N"), the former parent of Bright House Networks, LLC ("Bright House"), completed their previously announced transaction, pursuant to a definitive Contribution Agreement (the "Contribution Agreement"), under which Charter acquired Bright House (the "Bright House Transaction"). Pursuant to the Bright House Transaction, Charter became the owner of the membership interests in Bright House and the other assets primarily related to Bright House (other than certain excluded assets and liabilities and non-operating cash).

In connection with the TWC Transaction, Legacy Charter and Liberty Broadband completed their previously announced transactions pursuant to their investment agreement, in which Liberty Broadband purchased shares of Charter Class A common stock to partially finance the cash portion of the TWC Transaction consideration, and in connection with the Bright House Transaction, Liberty Broadband purchased shares of Charter Class A common stock (the "Liberty Transaction").

#### Overview

Since 2012, Legacy Charter has actively invested in its network and operations and has improved the quality and value of the products and packages that it offers. Through the roll-out of Spectrum pricing and packaging across Legacy Charter, we have simplified our offers and improved our packaging of products, delivering more value to new and existing customers. Further, through the transition of our Legacy Charter markets to our all-digital platform, we increased our offerings to more than 200 HD channels in most of the Legacy Charter markets and offered Internet speeds of at least 60 or 100 Mbps, among other benefits. We believe that this product set combined with improved customer service, as we insource our workforce in our call centers and in our field operations, has led to lower customer churn and longer customer lifetimes.

As a result of the Transactions, quarterly revenues increased by \$7.5 billion year over year. We also saw an increase in expenses related to our increased scale. In September 2016, we began launching Spectrum pricing and packaging ("SPP") to Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House markets and as of March 31, 2017, we offer SPP in nearly all Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House markets. In 2017, we intend to begin converting the remaining Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House markets to an all-digital platform. Our corporate organization, as well as our marketing, sales and product development departments, are now centralized. Field operations are managed through eleven regional areas, each designed to represent a combination of designated marketing areas and managed with largely the same set of field employees that were with the three legacy companies prior to completion of the Transactions. Over a multi-year period, Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House customer care centers will migrate to Legacy Charter's model of using segmented, virtualized, U.S.-based in-house call centers. We are focused on deploying superior products and service with minimal service disruptions as we integrate our information technology and network operations. We expect customer and financial results to trend similarly to Legacy Charter following the implementation of Legacy TWC and Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House markets. As a result of implementing our operating strategies across the Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House markets. As a result of implementing our operating strategy



across Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House, we cannot be certain that we will be able to grow revenues or maintain our margins at recent historical rates.

We realized revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and income from operations during the periods presented as follows (in millions; all percentages are calculated using whole numbers. Minor differences may exist due to rounding).

		Three 1	Months Ended <b>M</b>	larc	h 31,	
		Actual			Pro F	Forma
	 2017	2016	% Change		2016	% Change
Actual		 				
Revenues	\$ 10,164	\$ 2,530	301.7%	\$	9,742	4.3 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 3,654	\$ 883	313.6%	\$	3,433	6.4 %
Income from operations	\$ 941	\$ 302	211.6%	\$	1,059	(11.1)%

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as consolidated net income (loss) plus net interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, stock compensation expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, (gain) loss on financial instruments, net, other (income) expense, net and other operating (income) expenses, such as merger and restructuring costs, special charges and gain (loss) on sale or retirement of assets. See "—Use of Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow" for further information on Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow. Growth in total revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and income from operations was primarily due to the Transactions.

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, total revenue growth was primarily due to growth in our Internet and commercial businesses offset by an early contract termination benefit at Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House in 2016 and accrued credits to be provided to certain TWC customers. On a pro forma basis, Adjusted EBITDA growth was primarily due to an increase in residential and commercial revenues offset by increases in programming costs and other operating costs as well as the items noted above. In addition to the factors discussed above, income from operations on a pro forma basis, income from operations and amortization, merger and restructuring costs and stock compensation expense. On a pro forma basis, income from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 has been reduced by \$10 million to reflect the adoption of Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-07, *Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost* ("ASU 2017-07"). For more information, see Note 19 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

We incurred the following transition costs in connection with the Transactions (in millions).

	Three	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	201	17		2016		
Operating expenses	\$	51	\$	21		
Other operating expenses	\$	95	\$	14		
Interest expense	\$		\$	257		
Capital expenditures	\$	76	\$	53		

Amounts included in transition operating expenses and transition capital expenditures represent incremental costs incurred to integrate the Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House operations and to bring the three companies' systems and processes into a uniform operating structure. Costs are incremental and would not be incurred absent the integration. Other operating expenses associated with the Transactions represent merger and restructuring costs and include advisory, legal and accounting fees, employee retention costs, employee termination costs and other exit costs. Interest expense associated with the Transactions represents interest incurred on the CCO Safari II, CCO Safari III and CCOH Safari notes issued in advance of the closing of the Transactions, the proceeds of which were held in escrow to finance the Transactions.

We have a history of net losses. Our net losses were principally attributable to insufficient revenue to cover the combination of operating expenses, interest expenses that we incur on our debt, depreciation expenses resulting from the capital investments we have made, and continue to make, in our cable properties, amortization expenses related to our customer relationship intangibles and higher non-cash income tax expense. Although we have incurred net income since completion of the Transactions, we will incur significant increases in interest expense and depreciation and amortization as a result of the Transactions and will incur

restructuring and transition costs for at least one to two years from acquisition date, and as a result, we may incur net losses in the future.

All customer statistics as of March 31, 2017 include the operations of Legacy TWC, Legacy Bright House and Legacy Charter, each of which is based on individual legacy company reporting methodology. These methodologies differ and their differences may be material. Statistical reporting will be conformed over time to a single reporting methodology. The following table summarizes our customer statistics for video, Internet and voice as of March 31, 2017 and 2016 (in thousands except per customer data and footnotes).

	Approximate as of March 31,			
	 2017 (a)	2	016 (a)	
<u>Customer Relationships (b)</u>	 			
Residential	25,131		6,388	
Small and Medium Business	1,439		405	
Total Customer Relationships	 26,570		6,793	
Residential Primary Service Units ("PSU")				
Video	16,736		4,332	
Internet	21,802		5,368	
Voice	10,364		2,633	
	48,902		12,333	
Monthly Residential Revenue per Residential Customer (c)	\$ 109.11	\$	111.04	
Small and Medium Business PSUs				
Video	411		113	
Internet	1,249		359	
Voice	809		231	
	 2,469		703	
Monthly Small and Medium Business Revenue per Customer (d)	\$ 211.21	\$	169.68	
Enterprise PSUs (e)	99		31	

After giving effect to the Transactions, March 31, 2016 residential and small and medium business customer relationships would have been 24,180,000 and 1,286,000, respectively, residential video, Internet and voice PSUs would have been 17,086,000, 20,431,000 and 10,172,000, respectively and small and medium business PSUs would have been 369,000, 1,107,000 and 693,000, respectively; Enterprise PSUs would have been 85,000.

- (a) We calculate the aging of customer accounts based on the monthly billing cycle for each account. On that basis, as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, customers include approximately 168,400 and 27,900 customers, respectively, whose accounts were over 60 days past due, approximately 13,300 and 1,100 customers, respectively, whose accounts were over 90 days past due, and approximately 7,900 and 900 customers, respectively, whose accounts were over 120 days past due.
- (b) Customer relationships include the number of customers that receive one or more levels of service, encompassing video, Internet and voice services, without regard to which service(s) such customers receive. Customers who reside in residential multiple dwelling units ("MDUs") and that are billed under bulk contracts are counted based on the number of billed units within each bulk MDU. Total customer relationships excludes enterprise customer relationships.
- (c) Monthly residential revenue per residential customer is calculated as total residential video, Internet and voice quarterly revenue divided by three divided by average residential customer relationships during the respective quarter.
- (d) Monthly small and medium business revenue per customer is calculated as total small and medium business quarterly revenue divided by three divided by average small and medium business customer relationships during the respective quarter.
- (e) Enterprise PSUs represent the aggregate number of fiber service offerings counting each separate service offering as an individual PSU.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

For a discussion of our critical accounting policies and the means by which we develop estimates therefore, see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes from the critical accounting policies described in our Form 10-K.

#### **Results of Operations**

We completed the Transactions on May 18, 2016 and have included the Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House operating results since that date. In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), operating results from Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House prior to the closing of the Transactions have been excluded. For purposes of management's discussion and analysis, we have given explanations of increases and decreases in our results of operations on an actual basis, as well as on a pro forma basis assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015. Due to the size of the Transactions, we believe that providing a discussion of our results of operations on a pro forma basis provides management and investors a more meaningful perspective on our financial and operational performance and trends. The results of operations data on a pro forma basis are provided for illustrative purposes only and are based on available information and assumptions that we believe are reasonable and do not purport to represent what our actual consolidated results of operations would have been had the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, nor are they necessarily indicative of future consolidated results of operations or consolidated financial position.

See Exhibit 99.1 in Charter's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 filed with the SEC on November 3, 2016 for pro forma financial information for each quarter of 2015 and the first and second quarter of 2016.

The following table sets forth the consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented (dollars in millions, except per share data):

Revenues Costs and Expenses: Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of items shown separately below) Depreciation and amortization Other expension expenses ant		Three Months Ended March 31,		
Costs and Expenses: Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of items shown separately below) Depreciation and amortization	2017		2016	
Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of items shown separately below) Depreciation and amortization	\$ 10,164	\$	2,530	
Depreciation and amortization				
-	6,579		1,671	
Other exercting expenses not	2,550		539	
Other operating expenses, net	94		18	
	 9,223		2,228	
Income from operations	 941		302	
Other Expenses:				
Interest expense, net	(713)		(454)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(34)		_	
Gain (loss) on financial instruments, net	38		(5)	
Other income (expense), net	4		(3)	
	 (705)		(462)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	236		(160)	
Income tax expense	(25)		(28)	
Consolidated net income (loss)	 211	-	(188)	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	 (56)		_	
Net income (loss) attributable to Charter shareholders	\$ 155	\$	(188)	
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO CHARTER SHAREHOLDERS:				
Basic	\$ 0.58	\$	(1.86)	
Diluted	\$ 0.57	\$	(1.86)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	269,004,817		101,552,093	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	 273,199,509		101,552,093	

*Revenues.* Total revenues grew \$7.6 billion or 302% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. Revenue growth primarily reflects the Transactions and increases in the number of residential Internet and triple play customers and in commercial business customers, growth in rates driven by higher equipment revenue and rate increases offset by a decrease in basic video customers. The Transactions increased revenues for three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months March 31, 2016 by approximately \$7.5 billion. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, total revenue growth was 4.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016.

Revenues by service offering were as follows (dollars in millions; all percentages are calculated using whole numbers. Minor differences may exist due to rounding):

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	Actual			Pro forma				
		2017		2016	% Change		2016	% Change
Video	\$	4,079	\$	1,170	248.5%	\$	4,073	0.1 %
Internet		3,398		804	322.7%		3,037	11.9 %
Voice		694		135	414.1%		729	(4.8)%
Residential revenue		8,171		2,109	287.4%		7,839	4.2 %
Small and medium business		900		202	345.1%		808	11.3 %
Enterprise		539		99	443.6%		490	10.1 %
Commercial revenue		1,439		301	377.5%		1,298	10.8 %
Advertising sales		337		72	368.0%		365	(7.7)%
Other		217		48	352.7%		240	(9.7)%
	\$	10,164	\$	2,530	301.7%	\$	9,742	4.3 %

Video revenues consist primarily of revenues from basic and digital video services provided to our residential customers, as well as franchise fees, equipment rental and video installation revenue. Excluding the impacts of the Transactions, residential video customers increased by 19,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017.

The increase in video revenues is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to three months ended March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease)
Increase in average basic video customers	\$ 8
Bundle revenue allocation and price adjustments	(11)
TWC Transaction	2,496
Bright House Transaction	416
	\$ 2,909

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, residential video customers decreased by 350,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017 and the increase in video revenues is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Marc com three m Marc	nonths ended h 31, 2017 pared to onths ended h 31, 2016 e / (Decrease)
Incremental video services, price adjustments and bundle revenue allocation	\$	75
Decrease in average basic video customers		(69)
	\$	6

Excluding the impacts of the Transactions, residential Internet customers grew by 436,000 customers from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017. The increase in Internet revenues from our residential customers is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	t	Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to hree months ended March 31, 2016 ncrease / (Decrease)
Increase in average residential Internet customers	\$	69
Service level changes, price adjustments and bundle revenue allocation		15
TWC Transaction		2,134
Bright House Transaction		376
	\$	2,594

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, residential Internet customers increased by 1,371,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017 and the increase in Internet revenues is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three mont March 31 compare three mont March 31 Increase / (I	l, 2017 ed to 1s ended l, 2016
Increase in average residential Internet customers	\$	215
Service level changes, price adjustments and bundle revenue allocation		146
	\$	361

Excluding the impacts of the Transactions, residential voice customers grew by 74,000 customers from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017. The increase in voice revenues from our residential customers is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Marc com three m Marc	nonths ended h 31, 2017 pared to onths ended h 31, 2016 e / (Decrease)
Increase in average residential voice customers	\$	4
Price adjustments and bundle revenue allocation		(3)
TWC Transaction		476
Bright House Transaction		82
	\$	559

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, residential voice customers increased by 192,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017 and the decrease in voice revenues is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Marc com three m Marc	nonths ended h 31, 2017 pared to onths ended h 31, 2016 e / (Decrease)
Increase in average residential voice customers	\$	20
Price adjustments and bundle revenue allocation		(55)
	\$	(35)

Excluding the impacts of the Transactions, small and medium business PSUs grew by 120,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017. The increase in small and medium business commercial revenues is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to three months ended March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease)
Increase in small and medium business customers	\$ 31
Price adjustments	(7)
TWC Transaction	583
Bright House Transaction	91
	\$ 698

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, small and medium business PSUs increased by 300,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017 and the increase in small and medium business commercial revenues is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three mon March compa three mon March Increase /	31, 2017 red to ths ended 31, 2016
Increase in small and medium business customers	\$	97
Price adjustments		(5)
	\$	92

Excluding the impacts of the Transactions, enterprise PSUs increased 6,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, enterprise PSUs increased by 14,000 from March 31, 2016 to March 31, 2017. The Transactions increased enterprise commercial revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 by \$431 million. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, enterprise commercial revenues increased \$49 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily due to growth in customers.

Advertising sales revenues consist primarily of revenues from commercial advertising customers, programmers and other vendors, as well as local cable and advertising on regional sports and news channels. Advertising sales revenues increased \$265 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily due to the Transactions. The Transactions increased advertising sales revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 by \$280 million. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, advertising

sales revenues decreased \$28 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily due to a decrease in political and local advertising.

Other revenues consist of revenue from regional sports and news channels (excluding intercompany charges or advertising sales on those channels), home shopping, late payment fees, wire maintenance fees and other miscellaneous revenues. Other revenues increased \$169 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily as a result of the Transactions. The Transactions increased other revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 by \$166 million. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, other revenues decreased by \$23 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 related to an early contract termination at Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House.

**Operating costs and expenses.** The increases in our operating costs and expenses, exclusive of items shown separately in the consolidated statements of operations, are attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to three months ended March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease)
Programming	\$ 1,901
Regulatory, connectivity and produced content	386
Costs to service customers	1,394
Marketing	417
Transition costs	30
Other	780
	\$ 4,908

Programming costs were approximately \$2.6 billion and \$703 million, representing 40% and 42% of total operating costs and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The increase in operating costs and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding prior period was primarily due to the Transactions.

The increase in other expense is attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to three months ended March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease)
Corporate costs	\$ 168
Enterprise	156
Advertising sales expense	149
Property tax and insurance	75
Bad debt expense	53
Stock compensation expense	45
Bank fees	43
Other	91
	\$ 780

The increase in other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding prior period was primarily due to the Transactions.

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, increases in our operating costs and expenses, exclusive of items shown separately in the consolidated statements of operations, are attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

	Three months ende March 31, 2017 compared to three months ender March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease	d
Programming	\$	197
Regulatory, connectivity and produced content		(7)
Costs to service customers		4
Marketing		(9)
Transition costs		30
Other		(11)
	\$	204

On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, programming costs were approximately \$2.4 billion, representing 38% of total operating costs and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Programming costs consist primarily of costs paid to programmers for basic, digital, premium, video on demand, and pay-per-view programming. The increase in pro forma programming costs is primarily a result of contractual rate adjustments, including renewals and increases in amounts paid for retransmission consents offset by synergies as a result of the Transactions. We expect pro forma programming expenses will continue to increase due to a variety of factors, including annual increases imposed by programmers with additional selling power as a result of media consolidation, increased demands by owners of broadcast stations for payment for retransmission consent or linking carriage of other services to retransmission consent, and additional programming, particularly new services. We have been unable to fully pass these increases on to our customers nor do we expect to be able to do so in the future without a potential loss of customers.

**Depreciation and amortization.** Depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$2.0 billion during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily as a result of additional depreciation and amortization related to the Transactions, inclusive of the incremental amounts as a result of the higher fair values recorded in acquisition accounting.

Other operating expenses, net. The changes in other operating expenses, net are attributable to the following (dollars in millions):

		Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to three months ended March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease)
Merger and restructuring costs	5	\$ 81
Special charges, net		(2)
(Gain) loss on sale of assets, net		(3)
		\$ 76

The increase in merger and restructuring costs is primarily due to approximately \$93 million of employee termination and retention costs incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2017 offset by a decrease in accounting, legal and advisory fees related to the Transactions compared to the corresponding period in 2016. See Note 11 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

*Interest expense, net.* Net interest expense increased by \$259 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily as a result of an increase of approximately \$242 million associated with debt assumed from Legacy TWC.

*Loss on extinguishment of debt.* Loss on extinguishment of debt of \$34 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 primarily represents the loss recognized as a result of the repurchase of CCO Holdings, LLC ("CCO Holdings") notes. For more information, see Note 5 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

*Gain (loss) on financial instruments, net.* Interest rate derivative instruments are used to manage our interest costs and to reduce our exposure to increases in floating interest rates, and cross-currency derivative instruments are used to manage foreign exchange risk related to the foreign currency denominated debt assumed in the TWC Transaction. We recorded gains of \$38 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and losses of \$5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016. Gains and losses on financial instruments are recognized due to changes in the fair value of our interest rate and, in 2017, our cross currency derivative instruments of the fixed-rate British pound sterling denominated notes (the "Sterling Notes") into U.S. dollars. For more information, see Note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

Other income (expense), net. Other income (expense), net primarily represents other pension benefits offset by equity losses on our equity-method investments.

*Income tax expense.* We recognized income tax expense of \$25 million and \$28 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Income tax expense is recognized primarily through increases in deferred tax liabilities, as well as through current federal and state income tax expense. Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was reduced by approximately \$56 million due to the recognition of excess tax benefits resulting from share based compensation as a component of the provision for income taxes as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-09. For more information, see Note 19 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements." For more information, see Note 12 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

*Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest.* Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest for financial reporting purposes represents A/N's portion of Charter Holdings' net income based on its effective common unit ownership interest of approximately 10% and on the preferred dividend of \$38 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. For more information, see Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

*Net income (loss) attributable to Charter shareholders.* Net income attributable to Charter shareholders increased from a net loss of \$188 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to net income of \$155 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 primarily as a result of the factors described above. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, net income attributable to Charter shareholders was \$179 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

#### Use of Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow

We use certain measures that are not defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") to evaluate various aspects of our business. Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures and should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, consolidated net income (loss) and net cash flows from operating activities reported in accordance with GAAP. These terms, as defined by us, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow are reconciled to consolidated net income (loss) and net cash flows from operating activities, respectively, below.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as consolidated net income (loss) plus net interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, stock compensation expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, (gain) loss on financial instruments, other (income) expense, net and other operating (income) expenses, such as merger and restructuring costs, special charges and (gain) loss on sale or retirement of assets. As such, it eliminates the significant non-cash depreciation and amortization expense that results from the capital-intensive nature of our businesses as well as other non-cash or special items, and is unaffected by our capital structure or investment activities. However, this measure is limited in that it does not reflect the periodic costs of certain capitalized tangible and intangible assets used in generating revenues and our cash cost of financing. These costs are evaluated through other financial measures.

Free cash flow is defined as net cash flows from operating activities, less capital expenditures and changes in accrued expenses related to capital expenditures.

Management and Charter's board of directors use Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow to assess our performance and our ability to service our debt, fund operations and make additional investments with internally generated funds. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA



generally correlates to the leverage ratio calculation under our credit facilities or outstanding notes to determine compliance with the covenants contained in the facilities and notes (all such documents have been previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC")). For the purpose of calculating compliance with leverage covenants, we use Adjusted EBITDA, as presented, excluding certain expenses paid by our operating subsidiaries to other Charter entities. Our debt covenants refer to these expenses as management fees, which were \$273 million and \$102 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

	Thr	ee Mo	nths Ended Marcl	h 31,	
	 2017		2016		2016
	 Ac	tual			Pro Forma
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$ 211	\$	(188)	\$	249
Plus: Interest expense, net	713		454		708
Income tax expense	25		28		115
Depreciation and amortization	2,550		539		2,285
Stock compensation expense	69		24		66
Loss on extinguishment of debt	34		_		_
(Gain) loss on financial instruments, net	(38)		5		5
Other, net	90		21		5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 3,654	\$	883	\$	3,433
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 2,843	\$	424		
Less: Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,555)		(429)		
Change in accrued expenses related to capital expenditures	(150)		(56)		
Free cash flow	\$ 1,138	\$	(61)		

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### Introduction

This section contains a discussion of our liquidity and capital resources, including a discussion of our cash position, sources and uses of cash, access to credit facilities and other financing sources, historical financing activities, cash needs, capital expenditures and outstanding debt.

#### **Recent Events**

In February 2017, CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital jointly issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027. The net proceeds were used to redeem CCO Holdings' 6.625% senior notes due 2022, pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes.

In March 2017, CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital jointly issued an additional \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027 at a price of 99.0% of the aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds, as well as cash on hand, were used in April 2017 to redeem Time Warner Cable, LLC's 5.850% senior notes due 2017, pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes.

In April 2017, CCO Holdings and CCO Holdings Capital jointly issued an additional \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due May 1, 2027 at a price of 100.5% of the aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds, along with the net proceeds from the Charter Operating notes described below, will be used to pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes, including to fund potential buybacks of Charter Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units.

In April 2017, Charter Operating and Charter Communications Operating Capital Corp. issued \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.375% senior secured notes due May 1, 2047 at a price of 99.968% of the aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds, along with the net proceeds from the CCO Holdings notes issued in April 2017 described above, will be used to pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes, including to fund potential buybacks of Charter Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units.

#### **Overview of Our Contractual Obligations and Liquidity**

We have significant amounts of debt. The principal amount of our debt as of March 31, 2017 was \$61.3 billion, consisting of \$8.9 billion of credit facility debt, \$37.7 billion of investment grade senior secured notes and \$14.7 billion of high-yield senior unsecured notes. Our business requires significant cash to fund principal and interest payments on our debt.

Our projected cash needs and projected sources of liquidity depend upon, among other things, our actual results, and the timing and amount of our expenditures. Free cash flow was \$1.1 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and negative free cash flow was \$61 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2017, the amount available under our credit facilities was approximately \$2.8 billion and cash on hand was approximately \$2.9 billion. We expect to utilize free cash flow, cash on hand and availability under our credit facilities as well as future refinancing transactions to further extend the maturities of or reduce the principal on our obligations. The timing and terms of any refinancing transactions will be subject to market conditions. Additionally, we may, from time to time, and depending on market conditions and other factors, use cash on hand and the proceeds from securities offerings or other borrowings to retire our debt through open market purchases, privately negotiated purchases, tender offers or redemption provisions. We believe we have sufficient liquidity from cash on hand, free cash flow and Charter Operating's revolving credit facility as well as access to the capital markets to fund our projected cash needs.

We continue to evaluate the deployment of our cash on hand and anticipated future free cash flow including to invest in our business growth and other strategic opportunities, including mergers and acquisitions as well as stock repurchases and dividends. Our target leverage remains at 4 to 4.5 times, and up to 3.5 times at the Charter Operating level. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we purchased approximately 2.5 million shares of Charter Class A common stock for approximately \$799 million. As of March 31, 2017, Charter had remaining board authority to purchase an additional \$1.9 billion of Charter's Class A common stock without taking into account shares or units that may be purchased from A/N. Charter is not obligated to acquire any particular amount of common stock, and the timing of any purchases that may occur cannot be predicted and will largely depend on market conditions and other potential uses of capital. Purchases may include open market purchases, tender offers or negotiated transactions. As possible acquisitions, swaps or dispositions arise, we actively review them against our objectives including, among other considerations, improving the operational efficiency, clustering, product development or technology capabilities of our business and achieving appropriate return targets, and we may participate to the extent we believe these possibilities present attractive opportunities. However, there can be no assurance that we will actually complete any acquisitions, dispositions or system swaps, or that any such transactions will be material to our operations or results.

In December 2016, Charter and A/N entered into a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") that requires A/N to sell to Charter or to Charter Holdings, on a monthly basis, a number of shares of Charter Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units that represents a pro rata participation by A/N and its affiliates in any repurchases of shares of Charter Class A common stock from persons other than A/N effected by Charter during the immediately preceding calendar month, at a purchase price equal to the average price paid by Charter for the shares repurchased from persons other than A/N during such immediately preceding calendar month. A/N and Charter both have the right to terminate or suspend the pro rata repurchase arrangement on a prospective basis once Charter ro Charter Holdings have repurchased shares of Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units from A/N and its affiliates for an aggregate purchase price of \$537 million. As of March 31, 2017, Charter has purchased \$245 million of such \$537 million amount (83,416 Charter Holdings common units at a price per unit of \$324.63, or \$27 million, were purchased during the three months ended March 31, 2017).

## Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow increased \$1.2 billion during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding prior period in 2016 due to the following (dollars in millions).

	Three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to three months ended March 31, 2016 Increase / (Decrease)
Increase in Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,771
Changes in working capital, excluding change in accrued interest	58
Increase in capital expenditures	(1,126)
Increase in cash paid for interest, net	(441)
Increase in merger and restructuring costs	(64)
Other, net	1
	\$ 1,199

## Limitations on Distributions

Distributions by our subsidiaries to a parent company for payment of principal on parent company notes are restricted under indentures and credit facilities governing our indebtedness, unless there is no default under the applicable indenture and credit facilities, and unless each applicable subsidiary's leverage ratio test is met at the time of such distribution. As of March 31, 2017, there was no default under any of these indentures or credit facilities, and each subsidiary met its applicable leverage ratio tests based on March 31, 2017 financial results. Such distributions would be restricted, however, if any such subsidiary fails to meet these tests at the time of the contemplated distribution. There can be no assurance that they will satisfy these tests at the time of the contemplated distribution. Distributions by Charter Operating for payment of principal on parent company notes are further restricted by the covenants in its credit facilities.

However, without regard to leverage, during any calendar year or any portion thereof during which the borrower is a flow-through entity for tax purposes, and so long as no event of default exists, the borrower may make distributions to the equity interests of the borrower in an amount sufficient to make permitted tax payments.

In addition to the limitation on distributions under the various indentures discussed above, distributions by our subsidiaries may be limited by applicable law, including the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act, under which our subsidiaries may only make distributions if they have "surplus" as defined in the act.

#### Historical Operating, Investing, and Financing Activities

Cash and Cash Equivalents. We held \$2.9 billion and \$1.5 billion in cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

*Operating Activities.* Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$2.4 billion during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016, primarily due to an increase in Adjusted EBITDA of \$2.8 billion offset by an increase in cash paid for interest, net of \$441 million as a result of the Transactions.

*Investing Activities.* Net cash used in investing activities was \$1.7 billion and \$536 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The increase in cash used is primarily due to an increase in capital expenditures as a result of the Transactions.

*Financing Activities.* Net cash provided by financing activities was \$254 million and \$1.4 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The decrease in cash provided was primarily the result of a decrease in borrowings of long-term debt, net of repayments and an increase in the purchase of treasury stock.

## **Capital Expenditures**

We have significant ongoing capital expenditure requirements. Capital expenditures were \$1.6 billion and \$429 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The increase was driven by the Transactions. On a pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, the decrease from \$1.8 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to \$1.6 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was driven by lower scalable infrastructure costs, customer premise equipment and support primarily due to the timing of spend. See the table below for more details.

The actual amount of our capital expenditures in 2017 will depend on a number of factors, including the pace of transition planning to service a larger customer base as a result of the Transactions, our all-digital transition in the Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House markets and growth rates of both our residential and commercial businesses.

Our capital expenditures are funded primarily from cash flows from operating activities and borrowings on our credit facility. In addition, our accrued liabilities related to capital expenditures decreased by \$150 million and \$56 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The following tables present our major capital expenditures categories on an actual and pro forma basis, assuming the Transactions occurred as of January 1, 2015, in accordance with National Cable and Telecommunications Association ("NCTA") disclosure guidelines for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. The disclosure is intended to provide more consistency in the reporting of capital expenditures among peer companies in the cable industry. These disclosure guidelines are not required disclosures under GAAP, nor do they impact our accounting for capital expenditures under GAAP (dollars in millions):

	Thr	ee Mor	ths Ended Marc	h 31,	
	 2017		2016		2016
	 Ac	tual			Pro Forma
Customer premise equipment (a)	\$ 707	\$	137	\$	761
Scalable infrastructure (b)	268		110		475
Line extensions (c)	248		47		225
Upgrade/rebuild (d)	107		41		134
Support capital (e)	225		94		239
Total capital expenditures	\$ 1,555	\$	429	\$	1,834
Capital expenditures included in total related to:					
Commercial services	\$ 268	\$	64	\$	287
Transition (f)	\$ 76	\$	53	\$	53

- (a) Customer premise equipment includes costs incurred at the customer residence to secure new customers and revenue generating units. It also includes customer installation costs and customer premise equipment (e.g., set-top boxes and cable modems).
- (b) Scalable infrastructure includes costs not related to customer premise equipment, to secure growth of new customers and revenue generating units, or provide service enhancements (e.g., headend equipment).
- (c) Line extensions include network costs associated with entering new service areas (e.g., fiber/coaxial cable, amplifiers, electronic equipment, make-ready and design engineering).
- (d) Upgrade/rebuild includes costs to modify or replace existing fiber/coaxial cable networks, including betterments.
- (e) Support capital includes costs associated with the replacement or enhancement of non-network assets due to technological and physical obsolescence (e.g., non-network equipment, land, buildings and vehicles).
- (f) Transition represents incremental costs incurred to integrate the Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House operations and to bring the three companies' systems and processes into a uniform operating structure.

## **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

See Note 19 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for a discussion of recently issued accounting standards.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We use derivative instruments to manage interest rate risk on variable debt and foreign exchange risk on the Sterling Notes, and do not hold or issue derivative instruments for speculative trading purposes.

Interest rate derivative instruments are used to manage interest costs and to reduce our exposure to increases in floating interest rates. We manage our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by maintaining a mix of fixed and variable-rate debt. Using interest rate derivative instruments, we agree to exchange, at specified intervals through 2017, the difference between fixed and variable interest amounts calculated by reference to agreed-upon notional principal amounts.

Cross-currency derivative instruments are used to effectively convert £1.275 billion aggregate principal amount of fixed-rate British pound sterling denominated debt, including annual interest payments and the payment of principal at maturity, to fixed-rate U.S. dollar denominated debt. The cross-currency derivative instruments have maturities of June 2031 and July 2042. We are required to post collateral on the cross-currency derivative instruments when such instruments are in a liability position. In May 2016, we entered into a collateral holiday agreement for 80% of both the 2031 and 2042 cross-currency swaps, which eliminates the requirement to post collateral for three years. For more information, see Note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements."

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the weighted average interest rate on the credit facility debt, including the effects of our interest rate swap agreements, was approximately 3.0% and 2.9%, respectively, and the weighted average interest rate on the senior notes was approximately 5.8% and 5.9%, respectively, resulting in a blended weighted average interest rate of 5.4% as of both time periods. The interest rate on approximately 87% of the total principal amount of our debt was effectively fixed, including the effects of our interest rate swap agreements as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The table set forth below summarizes the fair values and contract terms of financial instruments subject to interest rate risk maintained by us as of March 31, 2017 (dollars in millions).

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1	Thereafter	Total	F	air Value
Debt:											
Fixed-Rate	\$	2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 3,250	\$ 3,500	\$ 2,200	\$	39,448	\$ 52,398	\$	56,657
Average Interest R	ate	5.85%	6.75%	8.44%	4.19%	4.32%		5.79%	5.82%		
Variable Rate	\$	148	\$ 197	\$ 296	\$ 1,716	\$ 2,928	\$	3,581	\$ 8,866	\$	8,889
Average Interest R	ate	3.17%	3.63%	3.92%	4.28%	4.31%		4.83%	4.47%		
Interest Rate Instrume	nts:										
Variable to Fixed-Rate	e \$	850	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$		\$ 850	\$	3
Average Pay Rate		3.84%	%	%	%	%		%	3.84%		
Average Receive Rate		3.76%	<u>%</u>	%	%	<u>%</u>		%	3.76%		

As of March 31, 2017, we had \$850 million in notional amounts of interest rate derivative instruments outstanding. The notional amounts of interest rate derivative instruments do not represent amounts exchanged by the parties and, thus, are not a measure of our exposure to credit loss. The amounts exchanged are determined by reference to the notional amount and the other terms of the contracts.

The estimated fair value of the interest rate derivative instruments is determined using a present value calculation based on an implied forward LIBOR curve (adjusted for Charter Operating's and counterparties' credit risk). Interest rates on variable-rate debt are estimated using the average implied forward LIBOR for the year of maturity based on the yield curve in effect at March 31, 2017 including applicable bank spread.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our design and operation of disclosure controls and procedures with respect to the information generated for use in this quarterly report. The evaluation was based upon reports and certifications provided by a number of executives. Based on, and as of the date of that evaluation, our

Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurances that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based upon the evaluation, we believe that our controls provide such reasonable assurances.

On May 18, 2016, we completed the Transactions and as a result, we have incorporated internal controls over significant processes specific to the Transactions and to activities post-Transactions that we believe to be appropriate and necessary in consideration of the related integration, including controls associated with the Transactions for the valuations of certain Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House assets and liabilities assumed, as well as adoption of common financial reporting and internal control practices for the combined company. In January 2017, we consolidated our separate human resource platforms into one platform which resulted in significant changes to the nature and type of certain internal controls for the most recent fiscal quarter. As we further integrate Legacy TWC and Legacy Bright House, we will continue to validate the effectiveness and integration of internal controls.

Except as described above in the preceding paragraph, during the quarter ended March 31, 2017, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 includes "Legal Proceedings" under Item 3 of Part I. Other than as described in Note 15 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements contained in "Item 1. Financial Statements," there have been no material changes from the legal proceedings described in our Form 10-K.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 includes "Risk Factors" under Item 1A of Part I. There have been no material changes from the updated risk factors described in our Form 10-K.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

#### (C) Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

The following table presents Charter's purchases of equity securities completed during the first quarter of 2017 (dollars in millions, except per share amounts):

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>(2)</sup>	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs <sup>(2)</sup>
January 1 - 31, 2017	81,774	\$299.02	—	\$1,654
February 1 - 28, 2017	485,908	\$321.86	252,168	\$1,572
March 1 - 31, 2017	2,241,079	\$323.65	2,213,402	\$1,854

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes 81,774, 233,740 and 27,677 shares withheld from employees for the payment of taxes and exercise costs upon the exercise of stock options or vesting of other equity awards for the months of January, February and March 2017, respectively.

(2) During the three months ended March 31, 2017, Charter purchased approximately 2.5 million shares of its Class A common stock for approximately \$799 million. As of March 31, 2017, Charter had remaining board authority to purchase an additional \$1.9 billion of Charter's Class A common stock without taking into account shares or units that may be purchased from A/N. In December 2016, Charter and A/N entered into the Letter Agreement that requires A/N to sell to Charter or to Charter Holdings, on a monthly basis, a number of shares of Charter Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units that represents a pro rata participation by A/N and its affiliates in any repurchases of shares of Charter Class A common stock from persons other than A/N effected by Charter during the immediately preceding calendar month, at a purchase price equal to the average price paid by Charter for the shares repurchased from persons other than A/N during such immediately preceding calendar month. A/N and Charter both have the right to terminate or suspend the pro rata repurchase arrangement on a prospective basis once Charter or Charter Holdings have repurchased shares of Class A common stock or Charter Holdings common units from A/N and its affiliates for an aggregate purchase price of \$537 million. As of March 31, 2017, Charter has purchased \$245 million of such \$537 million amount (83,416 Charter Holdings common units at a price per unit of \$324.63, or \$27 million, were purchased during the three months ended March 31, 2017). In addition to open market purchases including pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 plans adopted from time to time, Charter may also buy shares of Charter Class A common stock, from time to time, pursuant to private transactions outside of its Rule 10b5-1 plan and any such repurchases would also trigger the repurchases from A/N pursuant to and to the extent provided in the Letter Agreement.

#### Item 6. Exhibits.

See Exhibit Index.



## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Charter Communications, Inc. has duly caused this quarterly report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC., Registrant

By: /s/ Kevin D. Howard

Kevin D. Howard Senior Vice President - Finance, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

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Date: May 2, 2017

10.1	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 6, 2017, among CCO Holdings, LLC, CCO Holdings Capital Corp., and The Bank of
	New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the current report on Form 8-K filed
	by Charter Communications, Inc. on February 6, 2017 (File No. 001-33664)).
10.2	Exchange and Registration Rights Agreement, dated February 6, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO
	Holdings, LLC, CCO Holdings Capital Corp., and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc.,
	Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Goldman, Sachs & Co., UBS Securities LLC, and Wells Fargo

- Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Goldman, Sachs & Co., UBS Securities LLC, and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as representatives of the several Purchasers (as defined therein) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by Charter Communications, Inc. on February 6, 2017 (File No. 001-33664)).
   Exchange and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, LLC, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, LLC, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, LLC, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, LLC, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, LLC, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, LLC, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, and Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 29, 2017, relating to the 5.125% Senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, and the senior senior Notes due 2027, among CCO Holdings, and the senior senio
- LLC, CCO Holdings Capital Corp., and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Goldman, Sachs & Co., UBS Securities LLC, and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as representatives of the several Purchasers (as defined therein) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by Charter Communications, Inc. on March 29, 2017 (File No. 001-33664)).
- 31.1\* Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) under the under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.2\* Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 32.1\* Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Executive Officer).
- 32.2\* Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Financial Officer).
- 101\*\* The following financial statements from Charter Communications, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2017, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 2, 2017, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss); (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Exhibit

Description

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<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This exhibit will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78r) or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such exhibit will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or Securities Exchange Act, except to the extent that the company specifically incorporates it by reference.

#### I, Thomas M. Rutledge, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Charter Communications, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2017

/s/ Thomas M. Rutledge

Thomas M. Rutledge Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

#### I, Christopher L. Winfrey, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Charter Communications, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2017

/s/ Christopher L. Winfrey

Christopher L. Winfrey Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

# CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER REGARDING PERIODIC REPORT CONTAINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I, Thomas M. Rutledge, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Charter Communications, Inc. (the "Company") in compliance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, hereby certify that, the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2017 (the "Report") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission:

- fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Thomas M. Rutledge

Thomas M. Rutledge Chairman and Chief Executive Officer May 2, 2017

# CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER REGARDING PERIODIC REPORT CONTAINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I, Christopher L. Winfrey, the Chief Financial Officer of Charter Communications, Inc. (the "Company"), in compliance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, hereby certify that, the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2017 (the "Report") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission:

- fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Christopher L. Winfrey

Christopher L. Winfrey Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) May 2, 2017